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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. G. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

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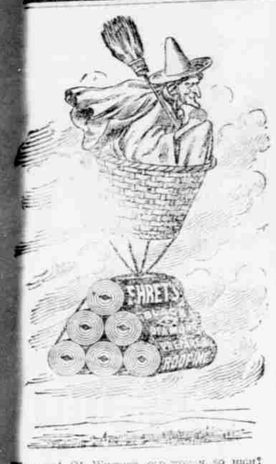

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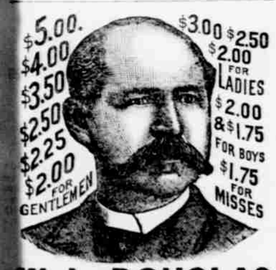

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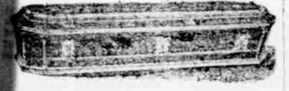

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Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.
Any pertinentary work either made or sold at this establishment.
TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.
Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices. V. LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

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TO WEAK MEN
Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address
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SAPOLIO is one of the best known city luxuries and each time a cake is used an hour is saved. On floors, tables and painted work it acts like a charm. For scouring pots, pans and metals it has no equal. If your store-keeper does not keep it you should insist upon his doing so, as it always gives satisfaction and its immense sale all over the United States makes it an almost necessary article to any well supplied store. Everything shines after its use, and even the children delight in using it in their attempts to help around the house.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

DELVERSON, Pa., Nov. 27, '90.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:
Gents—I would like to make known to those who are almost persuaded to use Kendall's Spavin Cure the fact that I think it is a most excellent Liniment. I have used it on a Blood Spavin. The horse went on three legs for three years when I commenced to use your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I used ten bottles on the horse and have worked him for three years since and he has not been lame.
Yours truly, WM. A. CURL.

GERMANTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1889.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,
Enosburgh Falls, Vt.
Gents: In praise of Kendall's Spavin Cure I will say, that a year ago I had a valuable young horse become very lame, hock enlarged and swollen. The horsemen about here (we have no Veterinary Surgeon here) pronounced his lameness Blood spavin or Thoroughpin, they all told me there was no cure for it, he became about useless, and I considered him almost worthless. A friend told me of the merits of your Kendall's Spavin Cure, so I bought a bottle, and I could see very plainly great improvement immediately from its use, and before the bottle was used up I was satisfied that it was doing him a great deal of good. I bought a second bottle and before it was used up my horse was cured and has been in the team doing heavy work all the season since last April, showing no more signs of it. I consider your Kendall's Spavin Cure a valuable medicine, and it should be in every stable in the land. Respectfully yours,
EUGENE DEWITT.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.
DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,
Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
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Rubber Shoes (unless with socks) comfortably tight, will often slip off the foot. To remedy this evil use
"GOLCHESTER" RUBBER SO.
offer a shoe with the inside of finished lined with rubber. This clings to the shoe and prevents the Rubber from slipping off.
Call for the "Golchester."
"ADHESIVE COUNTERS"
and you can walk, run or jump in them.

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CUT FROM STEEL PLATES. SOMETHING NEW.
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416 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Hardware Men Keep It. Give Name of this paper

BY CUTTING
This out, telling where you saw it, and sending 50 in stamps, or postal note for sixty cents, to the WEEKLY BEE, Toledo, O., you will receive the Weekly Bee by mail, postage paid, till January 1st, 1892. The Bee has 8 large pages, 8 columns each, making one and one quarter miles of reading each year. It is one of the best general Weeklies in the United States; has all the News, great Stories, Household, Farm, Children's Hour, Puzzles, Riddles, Rev. Talmage's Sermons, Market Reports, Practical Politics and Fiction. Clean in every department. Grand premiums to getters up of clubs. Act at once and show your wisdom. Address plainly. No need to register letter. The WEEKLY BEE, Toledo, O.

DETROIT SURE GRIP Steel Tackle Block
HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvements EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.
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For 1, 2, 4 and 10 H. P.
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BED-TIME FANCIES.

Out from the corners and over the floor
Come flocking and flocking the shadow band;
I will get in my little white coach and drive
Through the Valley of Dreams into Slumberland.

I have four black horses that Night has lent,
I call the name of my coachman Sleep;
And the little white coach is cozy and soft,
As I nestle down in its cushions deep.

Heigho! we are off. The horses go slow
At first, then fast and faster still,
With silent hoof-beats speeding on,
Down to the foot of the Drowsy Hill.

This twilight place is the Valley of Dreams,
Where all the wonderful dream things are,
And the balsam groves and the poppy fields
That stretch on ever and ever so far.

The dream forests rustle their secrets out,
The lights of the dream towns twinkle and shine,
And the white dream ships from the harbor sail
Away to the dim horizon line.

Ah! the sounds of the Valley are growing faint,
Its sights are fading on either hand
I cross the border still and dark,
And enter the real Slumberland.
—Virginia C. Gardner, in N. Y. Independent.

RACING FOR A BRIDE.

Three Lively Railroad Races for a Farmer's Daughter.

Along the line of the Santee railroad no trainmen were better known than Billy Perkins and Jack Smith, the only passenger conductors the road found it necessary to employ. Every man and boy along the route watched for the familiar trains, and when the mail passed east in the morning each station lounger was ready to shout "Hello, Billy," while they never missed greeting Jack in the same manner an hour or two later, when he passed in the opposite direction. In the evening when the trains returned the genial ticket-punchers again received ovations at each stopping place. Even the passengers were apparently all acquainted with the conductors, for as they went their rounds each traveler would have some remark to make or some sly inquiry about Bob Yocum's Sallie, which would bring color to the cheeks of the officials. To a Northern stranger it sounded ludicrous to hear the uniformed youths (neither was more than twenty-three) addressed as Captain Billy or Captain Jack, even though accustomed to the universal Southern habit of adding that title to conductors' names.

The total length of the Santee railroad was only forty miles, but the natives regarded the conductors with that awe and admiration which country folk always feel for railroad men. Did not Billy run every day to Carthage, the junction of the main line, and know all the prominent officials of the great through route of which the Santee road was a branch?

No telegraph line ran along the branch, and the trains were run in the good old way upon the single track; that is, sidings were placed a few miles apart, and when a train scheduled to pass another at a given point did not find the other at the switch it simply waited until the belated train did come, or after an hour or two started on its journey at a snail's pace, a flagman running in front.

In the morning the trains passed at a lonely siding in the woods, but in the afternoon the meeting point was directly in front of Bob Yocum's plantation, and as the farm-house, with its shady porch, stood near the railroad, the trainmen had long ago struck up an acquaintance with the owner and daily resorted to the cool garden to while away the time until the opposing train arrived. Sometimes one train reached the point first, sometimes the other would be in ahead. The engineers had no signals to hold them back, and very often the farm would be reached half an hour ahead of time. The schedule was slow even for the old-style engines, and unless there was something unusual to detain them or the wood was very wet the crews could generally manage to spend about twenty minutes at Yocum's, tranquilly smoking or romping with Sallie, the planter's daughter. Now it was this same Sallie who caused so much disturbance in the breasts of Billy and Jack. Each strove to cut a favorable figure in her sight, and she was the loadstone which drew them daily to the garden. Luckily for them each had an engineer as wild and reckless as the most ardent lover could desire, and when the conductors told the man at the lever to "let her go," he did let her go until some faint-hearted passenger protested at being bumped into jelly.

Only a reckless man would dare to ride one of the rattle-trap old engines over the uneven road at the rate of forty miles an hour, which speed was occasionally reached in sudden bursts. Forty miles an hour over old-style "U" rails, laid on rotten ties five feet apart and joined with fish-plates is equal to sixty miles an hour on a smooth track, so far as sensation goes. To the observer the Santee railroad was hardly visible, high grass growing between the rails, but where the track could be seen it seemed to be laid upon the ground without any preparatory grading. Up hill, down hill, tilting to the right, tilting to the left, it pursued its devious way, and the shaking and creaking of trains and track were enough to alarm any one not preoccupied in endeavoring to regain his seat. The engines burned wood, and when running at night resembled volcanoes in active eruption. If the reader has ever traveled behind one of these fiery machines he will remember how the sparks and pieces of wood flew when the engine got into good working order. He will also have a very vivid recollection of the long and frequent stoppages when all hands heaved cordwood into the tender until it could hold no more. These were the characteristics of the line over which Billy and Jack made daily trips. There were wood stations on each side of Yocum's, and the trains in the afternoon were required to get a supply of fuel before reaching the passing siding.

The conductors pressed their suit with the fair Sallie for many a day, but while each felt that the other had no advantage neither could make any headway. At last the two friends decided to put matters to a test, and together they sought Bob Yocum, and explaining their desires asked that he and Sallie choose which, if either, should be the favored suitor. Sallie with blushing face declared she could not decide, although she felt she could be happy with either. With that keen instinct for gaming which characterizes Southerners her father at once suggested that they settle the question by racing their trains for the next three days, the one getting to the switch twice ahead of the other to be the winner. The proposition was eagerly grasped by the conductors and acceded to by Sallie. All agreed upon secrecy, except that the conductors should make confidants of their engineers.

Anxiously the father and daughter awaited the coming of the trains the next afternoon. Fully twenty minutes before schedule time the familiar whistle rang out, and Billy's engine came to a standstill just as Jack's train came around the bend. Billy was exultantly happy. The next day, however, Jack was sitting upon the porch talking serenely to the prize when Billy's engine came into view.

The following day would decide it, and the morrow found four eager hearts wondering what the result would be. About ten o'clock, however, a steady rain set in, which apparently settled the question of fast time being made that day. As Billy passed down the line and saw the soaking woodpiles he felt exceedingly blue, but while pondering a great thought came into his brain, and his countenance cleared in an instant. When he got to the end of the run he took the engineer aside and explained something, which caused a broad grin to overspread the features of that worthy. Billy was next seen in a provision store, and ere the train departed an odd-looking barrel marked "Sugar Cured" was put aboard the engine. His train made glorious time that afternoon, and when the passengers asked how the engineer managed to keep up steam Billy smiled, but said nothing. He felt no forebodings of defeat now. Poor old Jack must be a dozen miles down the road, and right around the curve was Yocum's. "Hurrah," Billy said to himself. "Hur—" he did not finish. From the car platform he saw something that made him rub his eyes in astonishment. Was it Jack's train lying there so quietly on the siding, or had his senses deserted him? A wild screech of triumph from the waiting engine made him realize it was indeed true. His rival had won the third heat.

Jack, taking warning from his defeat the first day, had wisely bargained with the wood-station man for a special supply of dry pine-knots, and these were supplemented on the rainy day with a barrel of pine tar.

Billy danced at the wedding, but the sight of a ham has filled him with disgust ever since.—Chicago Journal.

THE HOMING PIGEON.

Its Utility and the High Rate of Speed to Which It Attains.

The homing pigeon is the one kind of his race that has a distinctly utilitarian existence. During the Franco-Prussian war they were the only means of communication Paris had with the outside world when all the ingenuity of man had failed. Since that period the French and German war departments have established extensive Government lofts for the breeding and training of these truly remarkable birds. A proposition has also recently been made to supply our outgoing European steamers with trained homing pigeons, to be used at a distance of not exceeding 500 to 800 miles from New York; so, should any thing happen within this distance, almost instantaneous word could be brought to land; so far, however, the matter has not taken definite shape. In build the "homer" somewhat resembles the English carrier, but has not such heavy wattles, and a much smaller and more curved bill; he is not so long in the body, and is much broader across the back. The eye is particularly large and brilliant, and the bird has an alertness of manner and intelligence of look that is wanting in other varieties. In color they are a light blue, with two heavy black bars across each wing, the throat and breast being of an iridescent blue and green mixed. There is also the black, blue-checker, red-checker, red, silver and white. The interest in these birds in this country is very great, and the annual races excite much attention, valuable prizes being offered for competition, the Homing Pigeon Association also holding a show of its own every year. The bird was originally developed in Antwerp, and from thence imported into this country. Our fanciers here have, however, outstripped their European rivals in the matter of speed and endurance, as our American-bred birds have demolished all foreign records for long-distance flying. The average speed of the "homer" is about a mile a minute—243 miles in 232 minutes being the best on record. The average flight for twenty-four hours of these homing pigeons is over 500 miles. Montgomery flew 1,051 miles, but took thirty odd days to get home; naturally much of this time he was lost somewhere, delayed by storms or head-winds, and may have actually flown twice that distance, but he was never heard of from the hour he was liberated until he returned to the home loft a month afterward.—Harper's Weekly.

INDUSTRIAL ADVANCEMENT.

DULUTH is talking about a $3,000,000 ship canal.

THE pneumatic line between New York and Philadelphia is now considered an assured fact. It is expected that it will transport large packages between the two cities in less than twenty minutes.

OFFICIAL returns of the Canadian seal fishery show that 39,547 seals were taken the past season, an increase of 6,000 over last year. Of this number 2,383 were taken off the coast of British Columbia and 18,165 in Behring Sea.

THE mineral fields of Idaho are among the largest in the world, and since their discovery have produced $157,830,662. The yield last year was as follows: Gold, $2,204,500; silver, $7,657,500; lead, $6,400,000; copper, $85,000.

THERE is a prune orchard of forty trees at Grangerville, Cal., which bore this year 28,200 pounds of fruit, an average of 705 pounds to the tree. One tree among the number produced 1,140 pounds. The fruit has sold in that locality this season for 9½ cents a pound.

THERE is a project to construct a ship canal across New Jersey from the Delaware river to the Atlantic. The scheme was first suggested by merchants of Philadelphia, who desire a shorter water route to New York and an abbreviation of the journey of hundreds of miles down the bay and around Cape May to strike the ocean paths to Europe.

TELEGRAPHIC ERRORS.

They Have Caused Fun, Sorrow and Loss of Money.

Thousands of errors have been made in telegraphic messages, says the New York Times. In fact, a day rarely passes without a good many of them occurring. Some of them have caused much amusement, some have caused tears and some have caused serious financial loss. They are not always due to inexpert operators. It is a remarkable fact that during the prevalence of bad weather, or what are known as "electrical storms," which are thorns in the side of every chief operator—for while they continue wires become as unreliable as a fickle woman—dots and dashes have been so shifted as to cause a receiver to put down a word totally different from the one transmitted by the sender. That, however, does not occur often.

The faulty penmanship of hurried business men and others who use the telegraph is also responsible for many of the errors. Operators are compelled to rigidly "follow copy," and if a word is indistinct they send whatever it seems to them to look like, no matter how blind their reading may make the context. Besides, some messages pass through a number of hands.

The telegraph companies persistently print at the top of their message blanks a warning that they are not responsible for mistakes in transmission, and they also proffer, in very small type, the advice that "to guard against mistakes or delays the sender of a message should order it repeated; that is, telegraphed back to the originating office for comparison," at an additional charge of one-half the regular rate. The notice has steadily adorned the blanks in spite of court decisions that the companies are responsible for errors, whether the messages are repeated or not, and in spite of the additional fact that it is rarely read, or, if it is, the interest excited is only casual. Nobody ever seems to accept the advice regarding repetition. An operator, speaking of the old notice recently, said that in an experience of fifteen years he had never seen but one message bearing the order to repeat, and it was regarded as a great curiosity. This message fell a victim to excessive caution. It was bound from New York to San Francisco. It contained but one word, the little word "Yes." It was religiously repeated back from every relay station between the Atlantic and Pacific, but by some misfortune, due to a second of abstraction on the part of an operator or to a timely but unfortunate "flip" of the instrument, the word was changed to "No." A big row ensued and an operator in New York nearly lost his position.

The financial losses that have been caused by telegraph blunders have been due mostly to the changing around of amounts. There have been instances where an order to buy has been changed in transmission into an order to sell. But generally, if there is a mistake, it is in the figures. To make the likelihood of error as slight as possible, amounts expressed in figures by the original writer of a message are usually spelled out and expressed in words by the operators. Even this precaution does not always avail, however. It is comparatively easy for poor handwriting and careless transmission to change fifteen to fifty, or twenty to thirty, or fifty to sixty. There was a mistake of this character perpetrated in Washington some time ago. It caused no loss, but that was because of good luck. A grocery firm in the capital city sent an order to a wholesale house in Baltimore for fifteen barrels of "A" sugar. The next morning the grocery firm received a shipping bill which contained the information that fifty barrels of "A" sugar had been shipped to them "as per order."

As the error was by that time in Washington, the firm, having investigated and discovered that the mistake was not theirs, notified the manager of the telegraph office that the company must take the extra thirty-five barrels off their hands. The manager told the operator who sent the message about the notice. While the responsibility for the blunder, as between the sender in Washington and the receiver in Baltimore—it was undoubtedly the fault of the latter—had not been settled, the Washington operator, who was of a speculative disposition, requested the manager to delay his answer. Then he ran around to find a friend who was in the sugar business, and inquired as to the future of sugar prices. He learned that there was a strong probability of an immediate and material advance. He informed the manager that he recalled that the mistake was his, and that he was prepared to pay the penalty for it by taking the sugar. The firm turned over the thirty-five barrels to the operator. Two hours later they, too, heard that sugar was going up. They sent the operator word that they would relieve him of his load if he wished. He replied that he was very much obliged to them, but they needn't trouble themselves. The next morning he sold his sugar at a good profit, took the money to the races and lost it.

The wifely reproaches which a gay young New York lawyer encountered on reaching his home late one night were undoubtedly due in the main to his own poor handwriting, but a careless operator was also responsible for them. He related the experience the next day.

"It was two o'clock when I reached home," he said. "My wife met me at the door. I saw at once that she was very angry. She handed me a telegram and asked freezingly: 'What is the meaning of this?' I said: 'Why, my dear, what's wrong? That's probably the message I sent you in the afternoon.' 'It is,' she answered. 'Please read it and explain.' I read it. To my astonishment it read: 'Shall dine with Kitty Smith, an old gal of mine, who has just returned from Europe. Will be late. Don't wail for me.'

"'I wouldn't wail for the best man that ever lived,' said my wife, and she began to cry.

"I realized at once what had happened, and I began to laugh. I couldn't help it. 'Why,' I said, 'this message has been botched. I wrote no such stuff as that.' 'What did you write, then?' she demanded. Then I told her that what I had really written was: 'Shall dine with Billy Smith, an old pal of mine, who has just returned from Europe. Will be late. Don't wait for me.' Those infernal operators had butchered it. I've got the original message. In view of the circumstances the manager of the telegraph office consented to lend it to me. My wife was pretty well satisfied, but I wanted to convince her absolutely. After this I shall endeavor to write plainer and I shall certainly avoid the use of slang words."

The explanation in this case is that the B in "Billy" and the p in "pal" were probably badly written. But the substitution of "itty" for "illy" and of an l for a t in "wait" was undoubtedly the fault of the operators. There is a similarity between the Morse characters which stand for the letters l and t, and they are frequently confused by young operators. L is represented by a long dash and t by a short one, and double t or double l, when sent too close together, make the letter m, so that it was quite possible for the lawyer's wife to have been informed, or, rather misinformed, that her husband intended to dine with an individual of the peculiar name of "Binny" Smith or "Kimy" Smith, or even "Bitty" Smith or "Killy" Smith, instead of "Kitty" Smith. Such palpable errors are, of course, only made by very green operators. An experienced man, unless his wits were off wool-gathering, would make some inquiries of the sender, which would probably result in a correction.

Two callow young operators made an explanation necessary from a New York newspaper man recently. He was to be married in the West. Before leaving town he devoted several days to searching over Brooklyn for a flat, being assisted in the search by a young married woman, the friend of his betrothed. Upon leaving his office one morning about two o'clock he sent the Brooklyn lady a telegram, which he expected would be delivered to her about 8:30 or nine o'clock in the morning. The dispatch was worded apologetically: "Will be over to worry you this afternoon."

The message was "hulled" on its way across the East river and a meaning of so much importance was given to it that the Brooklyn operator rushed it out, the message boy arriving at the house at about four a. m. The husband of the lady got out of bed to answer the bell. By a further mistake of the delivery department the envelope was addressed to the husband. He opened it and was astonished to read: "Mrs. ——: Will be over to marry you this afternoon."

When a man is awakened from a sound sleep and informed that his wife is to be married to a young man who, he has had every reason to believe, was to be married to a young lady in the West, he is apt to conclude that he isn't awake after all. No one who has not experienced it can realize how very startling it is. It was the first his wife had heard of it. They racked their brains for a solution of the puzzle. It wasn't solved, however, until the young newspaper man arrived.

A synching was nearly precipitated by the error of a Kansas operator some time ago. It was only averted by the discovery that there was no one to lynch. A young farmer was called away from home for a few days. His wife went to visit her brother in a town near by during his absence. The third day her husband telegraphed her: "Big ball, meet me at Wichita to-night." There was to be a dance and he wanted his wife to attend. This was a splendid opportunity for the imp of mischief who causes telegraphic "bulls." He tampered with the message so that when the farmer's wife read it, it said: "Big Bill got me at Wichita to-night."

Her instant and very natural conclusion was that her husband had either been captured or shot, or both, by a desperado named "Big Bill." Her brothers agreed with her, and the whole family and a number of neighbors, all heavily armed, took the first train for Wichita to rescue the husband and hang "Big Bill." The husband was waiting calmly at the station for his wife. The vigilance committee demanded "Big Bill," and were not at all satisfied with the husband for standing there free and uninjured. The brothers criticised him severely because he wasn't kidnaped, and announced that in their opinion he was guilty of rank deception. A fight was prevented by his wife's intervention and an explanation.

A gentleman in San Francisco learned that an estimable lady in Los Angeles had suddenly lost all her property and was in a condition of actual want. He telegraphed to a friend, a lawyer of Los Angeles: "Assist Mrs. —— immediately." The word "assist" was changed to "arrest," and the poor woman's misery was increased by a night in a prison cell.

"Send me tenderloins," said a message received by a New York sporting man from a friend in Philadelphia. It should have read: "Send me ten dollars." The New York man replied: "What do you mean?" and the Philadelphia man was so indignant at such a response to his request that the friendship was severed for nearly a year.

A gentleman with the dignified name of Cyrus T. Nixon was shocked to have a message handed to him addressed "Circus T. Nixon." A wholesale produce merchant received a message from a retail customer, saying: "Your 8900 are No. 900 D." It should have been: "Your eggs are no good." The delivery department of the New Orleans Western Union office was mystified by a message addressed to Blyannon street. It turned out to be 80 Cannon street.

Absolute accuracy will probably never come. It certainly will not as long as telegraphers have debts, love affairs, good intentions, base-ball, horse races and countless other subjects to occupy their minds while they are receiving or sending dispatches in the contents of which they can have no possible interest.

Bismarck's Superstition.

Prince Bismarck has a strong superstition concerning the number three, which he considers has always played an important part in his life. The arms of his family bear over the motto, "In Trinitate Robur," three trefoil leaves and three oak leaves; all caricatures of him represent him with three hairs on his head, he has three children, Herbert, Wilhelm and Marie; he has three estates, Friedrichsruhe, Varzin and Schonhausen; he has fought in three wars and signed three treaties of peace; he arranged the meeting of the three Emperors and established the triple alliance. Finally he has under him three political parties, the conservatives, the national liberals and the ultramontanes, and he has served three German Emperors.

OBSCURITY.

I have seen a pure, white lily
Rear its stately, queenly head
In a close, secluded corner,
Where no ray of light was shed

I have noticed 'twas surrounded
By unsightly, soulless flowers,
But they did not mar its beauty,
As it bloomed away the hours.

No: Its purity and freshness
By the contrast was increased;
To remember the great lesson
That it taught, I have not ceased.

As that lily through the summer,
'Mid surroundings coarse, could bloom,
Almost hidden from the sunshine,
Casting, yet, its sweet perfume,

So may lives refined and noble
Often flourish in the shade,
Blushing only in the sunlight
That their own pure thoughts have made.

Though the song they sing may never
By the world at large be heard,
In some heart, toil-worn and weary,
Good impulses may be stirred.

And the gracious, tender Father
Loves that unknown soul the same
As the one whose name is written
On the broad white scroll of fame.
—Clara M. Saunders, in American Spectator.

"AN IMPORTANT CATCH."

The Clever Ruse of Three Shrewd Swindlers.

Opposite the Bank of England and about five minutes' walk from the Mansion House, the residence of the Lord Mayor of London, there was in Leadenhall street, in 1879, the shop of a wealthy watch-maker.

One dreary November morning a man entered his shop whose loud dress and loader manner impressed the jeweler disagreeably. He looked at the swaggering fellow, sized him up in a jiffy, and tipping his clerks the wink to be extra careful, stepped forward and said in his sharpest tone: "Well, sir?" The fellow was not a bit abashed.

"Aw," he said, in an unmistakable low cockney voice, "ye 'ave been very 'ighly recommended to me—facts, I want to get about a thousan' pans' worth of watches from you. I am going to the West Indies by to-morrow's steamer, and I want to make this little hinvestment on me own haccount. Now, remember, me good friend," he added, laughingly, "my name is cash—cash, ye know. So I want no fancy prices, but every thing first-class and bottom rates."

The jeweler, keeping a sharp lookout all the while, showed him his various styles, and in a very short time the fellow selected about £1,000 worth of watches.

"Just £992, 15s," said the jeweler.

"Very well, 'ere's a thousand puns. Just wrap up the swag and gi' me the change, will ye?"

"You must excuse me," said the jeweler, after fumbling a little while at his safe, "but I can't change this note. Just sit down a few minutes and I'll send the boy over to the bank. Here, John, take this to the bank." And then in an undertone he added, "Just find out if the bill is good. Don't catch it; I have plenty of change here." The stranger calmly seated himself and quietly conversed with the jeweler. In a few minutes the boy returned.

"The note is perfectly good," he said softly to his employer. The merchant was puzzled. Was it possible that he could be mistaken? However, there was nothing else to be done. So he handed the man his change and the packages of watches. He was about to inquire by what steamer his customer was going to leave, when the door opened and another more loudly dressed individual walked in. He looked at the first fellow, and, without minding the jeweler, who watched him narrowly, he slapped him a thundering whack on the shoulders and cried out:

"Hullo, Jack, what in goodness are you doing 'ere?"

"Hullo, Joe! where do you come from? I bought some watches 'ere!"

"The dickens ye did! I am 'ere just on the same herrand. And what did you buy watches for?"

"I am going to the West Indies."

"By the holy poker, so am I! What steamer?"

"The Jamaica."

"Deuce take it all, so am I. Well, now, me good fellow, just stay here till I'm done. I don't want to carry the same stuff you do. Just 'elp me select."

"Of course I will. 'Ow much are you going to hinvest?"

"Well, about a thousan puns." The jeweler by this time had become thoroughly awake. He felt sure the *coup* was now coming and he doubled his watchfulness. With due care he displayed his goods, and the two fellows had soon selected another one thousand pounds sterling worth of watches. Like number one, a one thousand pound sterling note was offered in payment for number two. This time the jeweler felt sure that the note was a forgery.

"I have just told your friend," said he, "that I haven't change enough in my safe. It is annoying, but if you'll kindly wait a moment I'll send the boy over to the bank with the note. Just make yourselves comfortable, gentlemen; the boy will be back in an instant." In a few minutes the boy returned, and again he muttered:

"The note is perfectly good." The jeweler was more astounded than ever. After all he had been mistaken in these two suspicious-looking characters and his sharpness was at fault. He could scarcely believe it. His well-known shrewdness, his knowledge of human nature, needed correction. Incomprehensible! He handed the man his change and package and was still conversing with the two when suddenly the door was pushed open and a big, burly policeman bounced in. He laid his strong hands on both men. "Jack Halloran," he said, "and Joe Winterbottom, I arrest you in the name of the Queen! Steady now, my men, and no fuss, if you please. The game is up! I have plenty of help outside. So just let me put these little ornaments on your wrists, and the quicker you are about it the better all around."

The jeweler chuckled. After all he had been right, and these fellows were sharpers. He nodded his head complacently as he looked on. The fellows were remarkably good-natured, though thoroughly crestfallen. They did not offer the slightest resistance.

"Mighty hard luck, Joe," said John Halloran, "and just when we was off for the West Indies, too. Well, say, officer, you ain't a-going to drag us through the streets like this, are ye?"

"Not by a jugful," answered the policeman. "Know you and your gang too well. Ye shall have all the style you want, Boys. I have a growler right outside the door, and ye shall be driven to the Mansion House. And now, sir," he said, turning to the jeweler, "what have these fellows been doing here?"

"Bought one thousand pounds sterling worth of watches each of them, and paid me each with a one thousand pound sterling note."

"Hold on! hold on!" cried the officer, pulling out his pocketbook and hastily opening it. "Number fourteen thousand three hundred and three, ain't it?"

"Yes, yes," nodded the jeweler.

"And number seventy-three thousand eight hundred and nine?"

"To be sure," chuckled the merchant.

"Both stolen from the Earl of Aberdeen. You'll remember that big burglary a few weeks ago, sir? It was the talk of all London, and them's the fellows that did it." The jeweler's eyes danced with vanity and gratified pride. He would come in as a witness in that celebrated case. All London would talk about him and his sharpness.

"Well, I'll tell you what I will do, sir," continued the officer. "Just hand me them two one thousand-pound sterling notes, and let your young man go out with me and take the watches to the cab. We shall need all this as *corpus delicti*, as the barristers say, sir. And you, yourself, must come in half an hour to the Lord Mayor's office; we shall require your testimony, sir. Here," scribbling a few words, "here is the name of the case, sir, and that's me own name and number. Don't fail to come. This is a very important catch and will reflect credit on you, sir."

The men were marched down-stairs by the policeman, the clerk with the two packages brought up the rear. The men were bundled into the cab. The policeman seated himself opposite to them, taking the watches on his lap, and all three were driven off ostensibly to the Mansion House. Half an hour later the jeweler presented himself full of pride at the Lord Mayor's office, but the two rogues and the pretended policeman failed to materialize.—Jewelers' Weekly.

SIGHTS IN EUROPE.

Places That Have Been Benedited by Fiction.

How many people realize that American tourists leave in this country from twelve to twenty million sterling at least per annum? Such is the fact. Does anybody imagine that they come here to look at our buildings and streets? No. Upon reflection, nobody can fail to see that the main reason why the bulk of them visit us is to see the places made memorable by Shakespeare, Johnson, Scott and Burns, Dickens and Thackeray, George Eliot and Charlotte Bronte, Blackmore and Black. The indebtedness of earth-grind to romance is, therefore, by no means inconsiderable, particularly when it is remembered that we, too, spend a considerable sum yearly in the same direction. Shakespeare has indirectly bestowed millions of pounds on the inhabitants of those places with which his name is associated. Not to mention Stratford-on-Avon, there is, for example, Rochester, a town which unites recollections of the great dramatist and of Dickens. Near Gad's Hill stands an inn on the very spot that Shakespeare doubtless had in his mind when writing that scene in Henry IV., where Falstaff meets with the "man in buckram." Round about, as everybody knows, are many buildings and districts made famous by the creator of the Pickwick Club. To this neighborhood American pilgrims come in shoals, either before going or after having gone around such bits of Dickens' London as still remain. Scott, even while living, enriched whole districts. When "St. Ronan's Well" was published the notables of the little town honored in the romance "voted by acclamation," says Lockhart, "that the old name of Innerleithen should be, as far as possible, dropped thenceforth, and that of St.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - - MARCH 27, 1891.

NEW ENGLAND Grangers are disinclined to affiliate with the Western Farmers' Alliance movement.

THE Maine Legislature on Wednesday passed a law providing for the adoption of the Australian system.

HON. LUCIUS ROBINSON, ex-Governor of New York, died at his home in Elmira, of pneumonia, in the eighteth year of his age, last Monday.

THE exports of merchandise from all United States ports during the month of February aggregated in value $74,592,870 and the imports $65,926,775.

THE Canadian farmers are uniting under the name of the Ontario Farmers Union. The movement is similar to that of the Farmers' Alliance in the United States.

EX-SENATOR BLAIR has accepted the Chinese mission and has arranged to sail from San Francisco for the "Flowery Kingdom" on the 1st of May. He has already received his instructions from the Secretary of State.

GOVERNOR PATTISON on Tuesday sent to the Senate the following nominations: Robert S. Patterson, to be harbor master, Philadelphia; Henry Leffman, port physician, and Edwin M. Huber, of Berks, to be lazaretto physician.

THE bills introduced in the Legislature at Harrisburg, on Tuesday to organize and define the congressional districts provides for thirty districts. It is estimated that sixteen of them are Republican, ten Democratic and four doubtful.

THE Keystone National Bank in Philadelphia, closed its door on Friday by order of the Comptroller of the Currency. Its reserve was below the limit. It is supposed to be solvent. Over $400,000 of Philadelphia and $150,000 of the State funds are locked by its suspension.

THE amendment to the Brook License Law, reducing the fees in cities of the third-class from $500 to $300, and providing that bondsmen may be secured anywhere in the county, was indefinitely postponed in the Senate on Wednesday by a vote of 23 yeas to 22 nays. This ends the bill for this session.

GENERAL JOSEPH E. JOHNSON, one of the six full generals of the Southern Confederacy and last, save General Beauregard, died at his residence in Washington, on Saturday night. The deceased was 74 years of age and his death is supposed to have resulted from a cold taken while acting as a pall bearer at the funeral of General Sherman.

DR. JAMES P. WICKERSHAM, ex-State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Minister to Denmark under President Arthur, died at Lancaster, on Wednesday morning from heart failure, superinduced by the grip aged sixty-six years. Dr. Wickersham was one of the originators and President of the National and State Educational Associations, and one of the most prominent educators in the country.

THE statement of business of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company on all lines east of Pittsburg and Erie for February, 1891, as compared with the same month in 1890, shows a decrease in net earnings of $86,162. The two months of 1891, as compared with the same period of 1890, shows an increase in net earnings of $55,011. All lines west of Pittsburg and Erie for the two months of 1891, as compared with the same period of 1890, show a decrease in net earnings of $125,977.

IT is two years ago, says the Pittsburg *Post*, that Benjamin Harrison became President of the United States. Everything seemed to be bright before him, but how is it now? The working majority he carried into Congress has disappeared; he has made thousands of enemies in his own party; the leaders are wide apart on important issues; McKinleyism has gotten in its deadly work, etc. Mr. Harrison seems to have his renomination sure enough by reducing to a minimum the chances of electing a Republican.

EX-CONGRESSMAN FELTON (Rep.) was on Thursday of last week elected to succeed the late Senator Hearst in the United States Senate by the California Legislature. Senator-elect Felton was born in New York fifty-eight years ago and went to California when he was 17 years of age. He engaged in mining and mercantile pursuits and entered politics as a Democrat. He afterward became a Republican and was elected to the Assembly for four years. He declined renomination six years ago, and was sent to Congress from the Fifth district. He also held the position of United States Sub-Treasurer of San Francisco.

IN Decatur, Alabama, while the city court was in session one day last week the proceedings were interrupted in a novel manner. A trial was being held to compel the Judge of the Probate Court to issue license authorizing the sale of whiskey in the town of Falkville, where a law present obtains prohibiting the sale within three miles of the town. Both sides were largely represented legally and the court room was crowded. One of the Prohibition leaders, opposing the issuance of the license, in attempting to hang up his overcoat in view of the court, accidentally let fall from one of his pockets a flask, which struck the floor with a crash. The court unable to restore order, took a recess of fifteen minutes,

SPECULATORS says the Philadelphia *Record*, are playing the crop shortage for all that it is worth as a lever to advance prices for grain. Values of wheat are now 25 cents per bushel higher than they were a year ago, and corn and oats prices are more than double the moderate rates then prevailing. The bulk of last year's heavy exports of corn was sold on the Atlantic seaboard on a basis of cost equivalent to 36 cents per bushel. The market to-day is at 76 cents. Oats that sold at 28 cents per bushel last year will now command 61 cents. These prices go far to compensate the grain-producing sections for the deficiency of yield; yet consumers the world over are feeling the effect of the advance not only in the values of breadstuffs, but in the higher cost of provisions (of which grain is the feeding basis), as well as in the scarcity and high cost of dairy produce that have resulted from the lessened supply of feeding crops and the enforced marketing of cattle.

It would seem that values now ruling in the grain markets are dangerously high, even under existing supply conditions; but the speculators are in control, and the markets are extremely sensitive to bullish influences. Reports of damage to the Continental wheat crops are helping the upward tendency of values in this country.

A PITTSBURG dispatch of Tuesday says: The grip has become a generally dangerous disease. The death rate has increased to a great extent and this month will break the record by the alarming increase of 50 per cent. Closing at noon 723 deaths have occurred in Pittsburg and Allegheny in twenty-four days of this month. Thirty-eight deaths have been reported within the last twenty-four hours. The direct cause given on the certificates are grip, influenza, pneumonia, typhoid fever and diptheria. From the last named disease one death per day has occured within the past three weeks at the Home of the Friendless alone. In the two cities there were fifty-one funerals on last Sunday, and there were not one-half enough horses to go around.

Respectable covered wagons are in use and carriages are daily at a premium. In one large clothing house twenty-three clerks are laid off with the influenza, which is daily growing more severe and now numbers nearly 5,000 victims in the city and suburbs. Physicians are overworked and some have as high as forty to sixty cases of grip alone. It is estimated that over 1,000 people are suffering with grip in towns along the Fort Wayne road.

AMONG the spoilation claims rushed through the last Congress, says the Philadelphia *Record*, was one appropriating to the Choctaw and Cherokee Nations $2,991,000 in payment of an interest alleged to be held by them in a certain reservation. While the scheme was pending Secretary Noble notified Mr. Cannon that in his belief the claim was groundless: but neither that fact nor Mr. Cannon's opposition availed against the lobby, which had strong reasons for pushing it. Secretary Noble now declares that the claim will not be cashed until after a thorough investigation. As the effect of this will be to postpone payment until the next Congress shall have convened, it is tolerably safe to assume that $2,991,000 has been saved to the Treasury; and that one chop-fallen lobby will do its best to make life burdensome to the Secretary if it shall succeed in once more pulling itself together and getting its jaws into proper opposition.

AT the Republican conference in this city, says the Indianapolis *Sentinel*, Mr. W. T. Brush, of Crawfordsville, a very prominent member of the grand old party, frankly declared that Indiana was carried for Harrison in 1888 with boodle. His assertion was not challenged by any of the hundred or more Republicans who heard it. Mr. Brush also declared that unless some method could be devised of overturning or evading the new election law the Republicans would have no chance of carrying the State in 1892. This was very plain talk, but everybody who heard it realized that it was true, and no one seems to have ventured a suggestion that Indiana might possibly go Republican at an honest election. It's a grand old party, isn't it?

IN 1862 an Iowa man, says the New York *Herald*, on his way to join his regiment stepped off a log while crossing a stream and caught cold. He never saw the regiment and never did any service. But he got a pension of four dollars a month, was rerated and got six, then eight, then 24, and at last, by hocus pocus deception and collusion, $50. His business partner was examining surgeon, and that is where the hocus pocus process came in. This is what the Republicans call showing gratitude for the veterans who fought for the flag! And on just such rogues hundreds of thousands of dollars are spent. In the meantime the poor fellows who faced death get $8 per month, and have to divy with the pension sharks at Washington.

It seems funny that 222 places for selling intoxicating liquors can be licensed in Cambria county without a wail from the *Herald* or a growl from the *Tribune*. This year they are as mute as oysters. Heretofore there was an annual protest against turning the county over to the liquor element, by these worthy organs of the g. o. p., but now they appear to be contented. A Prohibitionist would not have the courage this year to affirm that there are too many licenses granted. Consistency thou art a jewel!

THE National Association of Democratic Clubs has issued a circular letter addressed to Democratic clubs throughout the United States inviting them to appropriately celebrate the anniversary of the birthday of Thomas Jefferson, on Thursday, the second day of April.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C. March 20, 1891.

Mr. Blaine made such a bad break in the injudicious and undiplomatic language he used in the telegram which Baron Fava, the Italian minister, stampeded him into sending to Governor Nichols, of Louisiana, in relation to the unfortunate lynching bee at New Orleans that as soon as he realized his error, he took to his room and it was given out that he was unwell, and he has been invisible to callers ever since. Members of the diplomatic corps say that Mr. Blaine's telegram will give the Italian government all the ground it needs to demand a heavy indemnity if it can be proven that any of the men killed were its subjects. But demanding and getting are two things. No Democratic Congress is likely to pass an appropriation to pay indemnity for the killing of a lot of thugs and murderers who had made murder their chief occupation, even if they were killed outside of the law. But it is not believed that the Italian government will desire to take any further action when it is fully informed of the "Mafia's" acts which led up to the massacre, as it has had some experience with the "Mafia."

I was told to-day by an eminent Republican, who is friendly to neither Harrison nor Blaine that the deluge of Harrison talk which has recently emanated from Republican Senators and Representatives in the columns of Republican newspapers in all sections of the country is the direct result of a bargain between Harrison and Blaine, whereby the latter agrees to give the former a chance to get himself renominated if he can, and the former agrees that in the event of its becoming impossible for him to get the nomination he will withdraw in favor of Mr. Blaine. I cannot even vouch for the truthfulness of this story, but circumstantial evidence is strongly in its favor. It is not at all probable however that Mr. Blaine would have made such a bargain if there was any probability of the election of the Republican nominee.

Representatives Springer and Spinola, who have been dangerously ill in this city are both convalescing.

General Joseph E. Johnson, whose erect figure has been familiar in Washington for some years is a very sick man, and owing to his extreme age—nearly 88—his physicians haven't much hope of his recovering. He was a pall bearer at the funeral of the late General Sherman and at that time was in good health, but a few days afterward he contracted a cold which resulted in his present illness, which is aggravated by a heart trouble from which he has suffered more or less for years.

The administration has struck a dangerous snag in the negotiations for reciprocity with Cuba. The Spanish minister will hear of nothing that does not include the free admission of Cuban tobacco, which is a concession that is beyond the power of Mr. Blaine to grant. Not having any confidence in the ability of General E. Bird Grubb of New Jersey, the present minister to Spain, who is ignorant of the Spanish language and without diplomatic experience, ex-Minister J. W. Foster has been sent to Spain with the ultimation of Mr. Harrison, in the shape of a threat to retain the present duty on Cuban sugar if reciprocity is not agreed to by the Spanish government. The outcome of this matter is looked forward to with considerable interest, as the sugar schedule of the tariff law will go into effect April 1, and Cuban sugar will be admitted free just the same as sugar from Brazil and other countries, unless Mr. Harrison shall take advantage of the power conferred upon him by the tariff act and order the present duty continued.

Although it has been nearly three weeks since Congress adjourned it is still impossible to get a correct idea of all the pernicious legislation enacted into laws or of the exact amount of money carried by the appropriations tucked away in corners of bills of all sorts. Every day something is discovered showing a new and unexpected appropriation or a new piece of unexplainable botch legislation. Secretary Noble has discovered what he considers a $3,000,000 steal in connection with one of the Indian bills, and he says the money shall never be paid if it is in his power to prevent it, but owing to the fact that several prominent Republicans are to get a big slice of the money in the shape of attorney's fees it is doubtful whether any remonstrance on the part of Mr. Noble will prevent the steal being consumated.

It is not believed that Mr. Harrison proposes taking any action upon the congressional reports of the investigations of either the Civil Service Commission or the Pension office, notwithstanding the public verdict against Raum, of the Pension office, and Lyman, of the Civil Service Commission.

The two Indiana "H's", Harrison and Huston have it is said, made friends and that oft' offered resignation has again been withdarwn.

M

Pennsylvania Robbed.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—Recent revelations at Mercer, Pa., disclose the fact that the State of Pennsylvania has been robbed of more than $1,000,000 in the management of the Soldiers' Orphans' schools. The illegal profits of one of ten big schools amounted to $270,000, and this school was one of three that were controlled by a syndicate headed by ex-State Senator George W. Wright, of Mercer, Pa.

The fortunes accumulated by eight men through pinching the orphans and fleecing the State are alleged to be, roundly, as follows: George W. Wright $300,000; John I. Gordon, $285,000; S. F. Thompsen, $65,000; James L. Paul, $60,000; Mayor Moore (Whitehall), $125,000; Professor Sweet, $85,000; the Rev. A. F. Waters (Uniontown), $80,000; total, $1,095,000. All of the gains appropriated by these men were acquired in direct violation of the law, without contract of any kind.

A considerable part of this sum may be recovered, as the persons here named have retained $850,000 of their profits. The statue of limitation does not work against the commonwealth. The method to be employed is very simple, and has been repeatedly done at Harrisburg. The auditor general reopens the accounts and makes a new settlement. Then the commonwealth proceeds in the courts to obtain the moneys that have been illegally taken from it for traffic in orphan misery.

DURING the past thirty-six hours one of the most severe snow storms of the winter has been raging in Kansas.

Bismarck Redux!

If the report is true that comes from St. Petersburg by way of Berlin, the great disaster which the German Emperor has feared ever since his accession to the throne has befallen him. All Wilhelm's feverish activity, all his visits to his brother monarchs, all his extraordinary attempts at "pacification" and proposals for disarmament, can be read as a continued struggle to avert the danger which is now said to have taken definite shape in a formal alliance between France and Russia. The greatest possible solidarity of the Dreibund would hardly console him for this misfortune.

The news that the Czar has consented to a treaty with the Republic needs official confirmation. Although the diplomats of both countries have been pressing the matter upon him since 1887, it was not regarded as likely that he would approve their plans while France held out against some form of legitimacy. It is not impossible, however, that Wilhelm's own absurdities have been the very annoyance which turned his uncle into a declared ally of German's hereditary enemy.

War scares will of course be rife for a while after these reports, and undoubtedly their effect will be to excite Paris greatly. But the most interesting and immediate question is: What will Wilhelm do? Here is a situation from which, with all his self-confidence, he could not feel himself strong enough alone to pluck the flower safely. Carprivi is already in disgrace. There must be a new adviser—either Waldersee or Bismarck.

Bismarck thinks it will be Bismarck. The straws which within the last few weeks have been declared indications of a reconciliation now possess a curious significance. The chance of the ex-Chancellor's return to office has, in fact, been amazingly magnified, and if the man who once humbled France were to be forced again upon the young Emperor by France's growing power it would strangely complete one of the most magnificent romances of history.—*Phila. Times.*

A Giant Molasses Jug.

Half a million gallons of Cuban molasses in bulk arrived at Philadelphia on Sunday night on the British oil-tank steamship Circassian Prince, from Havana. This bulletin may herald a new era in the ways and means of transportation, for never before was an oil-tank vessel utilized for this purpose. The duty having been removed from raw sugar under the McKinley bill, the molasses-boilers that refined the raw product in Philadelphia were compelled to adopt some cheaper way of getting their product from the West Indies, and the use of the tank carrier is the result. "It is only a venture," said an importer yesterday. "The thing will have to be thoroughly tried before it can be called a success."

A New York broker took a contract in the early part of the year to land in the United States several million gallons within a certain time. To fulfill his contract two steamers were chartered as well as several sailing vessels. The cargo was pumped on board from lighters in Havana and it will de discharged by pumping here into tanks built at the boiling establishments to receive it. The fact that the vessels have carried petroleum in previous voyages does not injure the contents, but reduces its heavy body to thinner consistency and keeps the treacle from sticking to the tanks.

The guagers were at a loss at first to know how to guage the strap, but the importers will hold it in bond until April 1, when both sugar and molasses will be free. The freight paid the Circassian Prince is said to be 2 cents per gallon.

All Denouncing England.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 23.—Great excitement exists in Newfoundland over the action of the imperial government in refering only one feature of the fisheries troubles with France to arbitration, and the attempted passage of an act through the British parliament to coerce Newfoundland into carrying out the modus vivendi.

Dispatches were submitted to the legislature on Saturday which showed that although the British government determined months ago to introduce a coercion low into parliament and privately notified Governor O'Brien to that effect, they instructed him not to inform the Newfoundland government of this intention until the bill was formally introduced in the House of lords. The knowledge of this fact has set the people wild. In the legislature party lines have been made on both sides of the House, denouncing the "cowardly and treacherous conduct of the British government."

Delegates will be appointed to immediately proceed to London and formally protest, not only against the enactment of the coercion law but also the reference of the fisheries question to arbitration without the whole question be so referred. The delegates, however, did not expect to accomplish anything; and in this event the legislature will pass resolutions setting forth that by the neglect and illtreatment of a century England has forfeited all claims to further allegiance. A formal appeal will then be made to the United States for protection and for admission as a State of the republic.

She Anticipated Him.

DEKALB, Bowie Co., Tex., March 25.—William Watts, a farm hand on the plantation of J. M. Winston, about fifteen miles from this place, told his wife on arising yesterday morning that she only had a short time to live and recommended that she make peace with the Almighty. He declared that he had made up his mind to kill her, and that as soon as he was dressed he would carry out his murderous intention. The woman, knowing the desperate character of her husband, decided that her only hope for life lay in adopting desperate means herself. She accordingly went to the wood pile, and possessing herself of the ax, stole cautiously into the house, and while her husband was tying his shoe crept up behind him and split his head in twain, killing him instantly. She was arrested and held to bail for trial.

OF thg 3,700 miners that struck at Irwin last May all but twenty-nine are back at work again. The strike was never declared off by the United Mine Worker's officers, but the men themselves determined to go back.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—The Bell telephone patent soon expires in England. In the United States it runs until 1893, 17 years from the time the patent was issued.

—The widest plank on earth is on exhibition in Humboldt, Cal. It is 16 feet in width. It will be among the Humboldt exhibits at the World's Fair.

—A huge icicle fell from the eaves on the north side of the Chamber of Commerce building in St. Paul on Saturday afternoon just as a young woman turned into Sixth street. The mass fractured her skull, and she died in ten minutes.

—A Hillsboro, O., special says that Wm. M. Moore a wealthy farmer and stock breeder living near New Vienna, was shot and killed on Monday morning by his son Oscar, who claims that he acted in self-defense. The son has been arrested.

—Three children were left alone in a room at Danville, N. J., one day last week, and one of them, while raking the fire, pulled out a live coal which set the carpet on fire. The flames communicated to a bed on which an infant was lying, burning it to death.

—Gold while in circulation is handled less than any other medium. It is usually kept in vaults of banks for demand rarely made, and for this reason the loss by abrasion is but one-half of 1 per cent in 20 years. In a $20 gold piece, the standard weight of which is 516 grains, the Government allowance for loss by abrasion is 2,58 grains.

—Mr. and Mrs. David Stickle, of Morris township, Green county, will celebrate the sixty-fourth anniversary of their marrage in a few days. Mr. Stickle is ninety-one years of age and his wife eighty-three. They were both born in Bethlehem township, Washington county, and moved to their present home in 1840. Mr. Stickle's health is good, and he frequently cuts cord-wood and splits rails for his neighbors.

—Issac Buford, a farmer, attempted to cross Valley creek, near Birmington, Ala., in a wagon in which were his wife and three children. The creek was much swollen and the wagon and team were washed down stream. The three children were drowned, the youngest being washed from its mother's arms. Ruford succeeded in rescuing his wife, after she had released her hold on the limb, in a vain effort to save her baby.

—A Gainesville, Tex., girl has probably the longest hair in the world. It is 10 feet 6 inches long. The present growth is of the past seven years, as in 1884 her head was shaved during a spell of brain fever. It is necessary to her health to cut out large quantities of hair every few months, and this she has a regular sale for from some large wig manufactory in the East, which says her well for it, as its fineness and silky gloss is exceptional, being of a much admired red-gold tint.

—The tide of revolution is bringing the human race to a strange pass. Certain celebrated scientists now allege that the coming race is to be a hairless and toothless one. This may cause some anxiety in reference to the children of our grandchildren, for perchance they might be one of the elect. The natural deduction that is to be made is that the coming race will not be a strikingly handsome one. It is, however, a positive fact that bald heads and toothless gums are decidedly on the increase.

—Anthon Schusky last Thursday attempted to spring from the Lackawanna avenue bridge at Scranton, Pa., into the river. He was arrested and placed in the station house, where he became insane, and finally demolished his cell. He was handcuffed, but while in that position on Monday morning managed to twist his belt from his body, placed it about his neck, tied it to the bars of his cell, and then fell forward on his face, strangling himself to death. So quietly was this done that the officers, not ten feet away, failed to hear him.

—On Saturday night last Joseph Muntz, Jr., Julia Muntz, Mary Fahy, and John Spencer, *alias* Eldridge, escaped from the Jail at Doylestown, Pa. A friend of the prisoners broke a window in the jail office, and entering the room softly he stole the keys from the jailer, who was indulging in a nap. As a memento of the occasion, Spencer robbed the sleeping man of every valuable he had, including his watch. Spencer then released his fellow prisoners, and the quartette ran for their lives. They stole a fine black horse and wagon from Josiah Jordan, whose house is on the outskirts of Doylestown, and drove to Trenton, where they were captured in a pown shop.

—The fact that Easter falls on a very early date this year (March 29), has caused a "friend of the facts and figures" to recollect some curious statistics. In 1883 he says Easter fell on March 25, and will only once again this century, namely, in 1894, fall on so early a date. In three following centuries it will occur only eight times on the same date—namely, in 1961 2035, 2046, 1057, 2103, 2114, 2125, and 2198. The earliest day on which Easter can fall is March 22, and this only in case the moon is full on March 21, when this date happens to fall on a Saturday. This combination of circumstances is extremely rare; it occured in 1903, 1761 and 1817, and will happen again in 1900, 2076 and 2144, while during the following centuries it is not once "on the books" at this early date. On the other hand Easter never falls later than April 25; this was the case in 1666, 1734, and 1886, and will only happen once in the next century, namely, 1943.

—N. P. Tobin, an old and highly respected citizen and proprietor of a large tailoring establishment at Franklin, Pa., was murdered in his house on Saturday night. The building was robbed and fired and his body partially burned. Tobin was alone in the house, Mrs. Tobin and her two children having left on Saturday evening with a friend to spend Sunday at Waterloo, six miles from the city, where Mr. Tobin was to have joined them on Sunday and attend a meeting at the Methodist church. He was a man of great physical strength, and it is thought that there were several assailants in order to have overpowered him. Two years ago a sensation was caused by the finding of the dead body of Mr. Tobin's daughter, Mary, in the waters of Long Island Sound, near Clifton, and it is generally believed that she was wurdered, but the mustery surrounding her death has never been cleared away.

Valuable Real Estate

FOR SALE!

A LOT of ground in the West ward of the borough of Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa, fronting on Sample street having thereon erected a

FRAME HOUSE

and outbuildings, all in good repair. For terms or particulars call on or address
JOHN NEALAN, Nicktown, Pa., or
M. D. RITTELL, Ebensburg, Pa.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent,
EBENSBURG, PA.

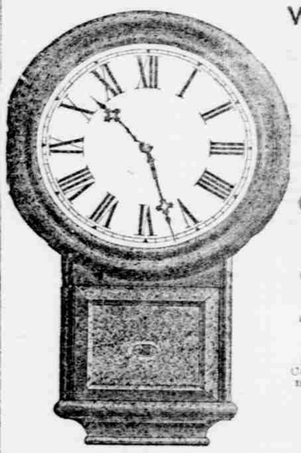
FOR SALE.
A valuable property at South Fork for sale. Good House and Lot. Call on or address
J. E. WEAVER,
South Fork, Pa.
Mch27 1m.

The - People's - Store,
8TH AVENUE, PITTSBURCH.
Largest and Finest Store in the City.
FINE BLACK GOODS.

We keep at all times a complete stock of Black and Mourning Goods of the highest character as to quality and style, and at prices the Lowest.
Black Grosgrain silks, 58c, 68c, 85c $1. 1 87, 1 50 and up to 2 25.
Black Faille Francaise, 85c, $1, 1 12 1 25, 1 50, 1 62, 1 75 and 2 00.
Black Satin Rhadame, 65c, 75c, 90c, $1, 1 25, 1 50 and up to 2 25.
Black Surahs, 60c, 62c, 75c, 85c, $1, 1 25 and up to 2 00.
Armure and fancy Weaves, stripes and bars, $1, 1 25 1 50.
Black Brocades, 50c, 65c, $1 00.
Moire Silks, 85c, 1 00, 1 25 1 50 and 2 00.
Black Satin 50c, 75c and 1 00.
Black Silk Warp Henriettas, 75c, 1 00, 1 12, 1 25, 1 37, 1 50, 1 62, 1 75, 2 00, 2 25, 2 37, 2 50.
Silk Warp Draped Armas, $1 50, 1 75.
Silk Warp Tamise, 42 inches, 1 25.
All Wool Tamise, 40 inches, 50c, 62c, and 1 00.
All Wool Cords, Diagonals, Brocades, etc., 90c, $1 00 and 1 25.
46 inch All Wool Black Henriettas, 75c, 87c, 90c, 1 00, 1 12, 1 25, 1 37, 1 50, 1 75.
46 inch All Wool French Cashmere, 45c, 50c, 62c, 75c, 87c, 90c, $1 and 1 25.
Black and White White and Black, Black and Gray, Gray and Black Fabrics, 40 and 44 inch wide, from 30c to 1.25.
Black Cashmere Shawls. Single, 1 25, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, 2 50 and up to 6 75. Double, 3 00, 3 50, 4 00, 4 50, 5 00 and up to 18 00.
Silk Fringed Shawls in single, 3 00 to 6 50. Double, 5 00 to 7 00.
Priest 2, Silk Warp Un-hemmed Lenzie Shawls, Hemstitched, 12 00, 14 50 and 16 00.
Black Fichus heavy silk fringe, finely embroidered, 1 25, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, 2 25, 2 50, 2 75, 3 00, 3 50, 4 00, 4 50, 5 00, 5 50, 6 75, 8 00, 9 50, 10 75, 7 00, 7 50, 8 00, 8 50, 9 00, 9 50, 10 00, 11 00, 12 00, up to 37 50.
Black Jackets and Wraps of every fashionable description from 2 50 to 60 00.
Mourning Millinery a Specialty, always ready for use. Latest styles of Nuns' Veiling and Mourning Silk.
Toques and Bonnets, $2 50, 3 00, 3 50, 3 75, 4 00, 5 00, 5 50, 6 00.
Grape and Grape Veils.
All Wool, Bordered, Nuns' Veiling, 1 25 to 3 00.
Silk and Wool, Bordered, Nuns' Veiling, 1 26 to 3 00.
Millinery to order by first class artists at moderate prices.
When you need anything in any kind of Black Goods, you will find everything wanted here.
Best Goods and Lowest Prices.

CAMPBELL & DICK.

CARL RIVINIUS,
—PRACTICAL—
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
—AND DEALER IN—
Watches, Clocks
—JEWELRY,—
Silverware, Musical Instruments
—AND—
Optical Goods.
Sole Agent
—FOR THE—
Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.
Columbia and Fredonia Watches.
In Key and Stem Winders.
LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KIND of JEWELRY always on hand.
My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
CARL RIVINIUS
ensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.



Eckenrode - & - Hoppel,
—DEALERS IN—
General .·. Merchandise,
CLOTHING, FLOUR, FEED,
Lumber and Shingles. We keep our Stock always Full and Complete. Give us a Call.
Eckenrode & Hoppel,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF
THAT CAN BE RELIED ON
BE UP TO THE MARK
Not to Split!
Not to Discolor!
BEARS THIS MARK.
TRADE
ELLULOID
MARK.
NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.
THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.
mar.20-1y

Best and Cheapest.

We now have the largest and best selected stock of Men's, and Boys' Clothing in the county. Our Spring Stock is now complete. We have the best selection of

Gents' Furnishing Goods

in the county. Also, all the nobby styles of Hats in the Market. Our motto is "Good Goods and Low Prices." It will pay you to come and see us as we can and will save you money.
Very Respectfully,
C A SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PENN'A
ct3-90-1y

A. FOSTER,
Formerly of the Firm of Geis, Foster & Quinn,
Is Located at 247 and 249 Main Street,
Johnstown, Pa.,
With a large and full stock of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Trimmings, Hosiery, Linens, Flannels, and Winter Goods.
Carpets and Oilcloths
of every description and everything in the line of House Furnishing Goods at the lowest prices.

A FINE PIECE OF
CHEWING TOBACCO
IS INDEED A LUXURY
FINZER'S
Old Honesty
COMES AS NEAR BEING A FINE PIECE OF PLUG TOBACCO AS IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT
AND IS KNOWN AS A
Standard Brand
AMONG DEALERS
THESE GOODS ARE ON THE MARKET IN ONLY ONE SHAPE, 3x12 FULL 16 OZ. PLUG—THE MOST CONVENIENT TO CUT IN POCKET PIECES OR CARRY WHOLE
JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

B. & B.
Correspondence Invited.
We have an Elaborate Mail Order department, established for the convenience and benefit of our out-of-town patrons who are too far away to trade at the counters in these stores. A trial order will demonstrate whether it is not both a convenience and a benefit to you.
Write to us to-day for Advance Sale of
New India Silks
24 inch India Silks, one quality, 45c.
27 inch India Silks, one quality, 50c.
—real Shanghai Cloth, and this season's printings.
27 inch Indiana at 75 cents, a most desirable dark grounds—suitable for cloth and combination styles and printings.
New FRENCH WOOL CHALLIES, 55 cents, fully 500 styles to select from in all grounds—also black grounds with white figures—black with white, etc.—a most comprehensive offering of this desirable fabric.
New Spring Woolens
also now on sale in large and superior assortments.
TWEEDS,
ENGLISH SUITINGS,
MONKEY HAIR SUITINGS,
BIP SUPER STRIPES,
COTELE WEAVES,
etc., are some of the novelties.
Early buyers will appreciate these elegant new assortments.
Samples free, and other information cheerfully furnished. Correspondence invited.
BOGGS & BUHL,
115, 117, 119 & 121 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

ST. CHARLES'
HOTEL
Chas. S. Gill, Prop'r.
Table unsurpassed. Remodeled with office on ground floor. Natural gas and best of light in all rooms. New steam laundry added to house.
Rates $2 to $3 per day.
Cor. Wood St., and Third Ave.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

WALL PAPER.
Send 10c. to our Mail Department for new samples of 1891. New Papers for 6c.; Solid Gilt, from 10c. to 25c.; Fine Embossed and Irridescent Papers from 25c. to 50c. roll.
J. KERWIN MILLER & CO.
543 Smithfield St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
(Mention this paper.)
March6-91-1yr

Trustee's Sale
—OF—
REAL ESTATE
BY virtue of the authority contained in a deed from Mark McLaughlin, dated the 12th day of February, 1886, recorded in Cambria county, Vol. 24, page 166, I will offer at public sale at the hotel of John McKenna, at the borough of
SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 189
at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate:
All that certain tract of land situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded by lands of St. Francis' College and others, containing about FIFTY ACRES. Same is well timbered and underlaid with Coal.
TERMS:
Ten per cent. on day of sale; and balance on delivery of deed. PAUL McKENNA,
March 13, 1891. Trustee.

$3000 A YEAR! Lumberman who can handle men and who can read and write and figure, after instruction, will earn $3000 a year. We teach you how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. We want one man in this locality to represent us and which position we will pay $3000 a year. No money for the right man. Unsuccessful salesmen need not apply. Address, with stamp, stating age, occupation, and where you have already taught and presided with employers, and number, who are making over $2000 a year. Address at once, P. O. BOX 420, Augusta, Maine.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - - MARCH 27, 1891.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Altoona is overrun with tramps.

—The mud on our streets is fast drying up.

—Dr. M. R. B. Creery is ill with pneumonia.

—Spring clothing at C. A. Sharbaugh's, Carrolltown.

—A number of Ebensburg citizens are ill with la grippe.

—The next Argument court meets on the 13th of April.

—Keep your eyes open next Wednesday —All Fool's Day.

—According to an exchange there has been but one pleasant Saturday and Sunday in 1891.

—Dr. Jones, of this place, who was laid up with the grip for a few days is able to be about again.

—Joseph Shoemaker is visiting his brother, Edward, at St. Vincent's college, Westmoreland county.

—Ten tramps were brought to jail today (Thursday) for trespassing on the Pennsylvania railroad.

—The best place in the county to buy clothing and gents' furnishing goods is at C. A. Sharbaugh's, Carrolltown.

—Miss Annie Maloney, who has been teaching near Wilmore the past winter, has returned to her home in this place.

—There is some talk of a dancing class being organized in town under the tutorship of Professor Arnold of Johnstown.

—Mr. George Hartman, who for the past year has been foreman in Messrs. Griffith's steam tannery has removed to Pittsburg.

—Dr. Davison, of this place, was absent in Johnstown several days this week attending to his duties as a pension examiner.

—Last week Judge Baer, of Somerset county, refused all licenses in Somerset, although he granted several licenses in the county.

—All parties intending to have public sales would do well to have their sale bills printed at this office. Prices always reasonable.

—Robert W. Steel and Ester Baughman, both of Westmoreland county, were married in this place on Thursday by Rev. D. C. Thomas.

—Miss Mary Sweeny, of Blairsville, a niece of Mrs. H. J. Crouse, of this place, died at her home in that place on Saturday last aged 22 years.

—An unknown man, walking on the railroad track near Portage, on Wednesday morning, was struck by a freight train and instantly killed.

—Mamie, the four-year-old daughter of Mrs. James Dimond, of Portage, died from scarlet fever while on a visit to friends in Summerhill on Tuesday.

—Several farmers of Cambria township have clubbed together and purchased a very fine Perchon stallion. The price paid for the horse was $2,500.

—The "Only a Farmer's Daughter" Company, which was to have appeared at the Opera House, this place, on Friday evening, has cancelled its date here.

—Last week John Wilkerson killed a large catamount near Madera, Clearfield county. The animal had been terrorizing the neighborhood for some months.

—The Sons of Veterans will hold a grand ball in the Opera House, this place, on next Monday evening. An enjoyable time is guaranteed to all who attend.

—All parties indebted to me either by book account or note are notified to come and settle before April 1st and save costs.
A. STRITTMATTER.

—The Mountain House closed up on Monday and the guests were compelled to remove to other hotels. Before the hotel is reopened it will be papered and refurnished.

—Punxsutawney has a borough ordinance requiring all boys under sixteen years of age to be off the streets after 8 o'clock at night, or they will be arrested and fined.

—Jesse Pecht, a fourteen-year-old Huntingdon boy, whose mind was unbalanced by reading flash novels, has armed himself and left for the West. Officers are in pursuit.

—John Hamilton, an old and respected citizen of Lilly, died at his home there on Saturday last in the 71st year of his age. The deceased leaves a wife and two sons, John A. and Peter.

—It is said that John Steiner, of Adamsburg who lately received a patent for a spike bar has been offered the snug sum of $10,000 for it. Lucky man.

—Charles Welsh, alias Brooks, thought to be a burglar, was arrested at Altoona on Friday last. He was taken to Bradford where there are six indictments pending against him for burglary.

—A bill was introduced in the State Senate on Wednesday by Senator Sloan to authorize the trustees of the State Normal School at Indiana to place a mortgage of $30,000 on the building and grounds.

—A small young man named Moses, at Blairsville, though it would be a good joke to yell "fire", in the Town Hall during an entertainment. A few cool heads in the audience prevented a stampede. Moses was arrested and fined $10 and costs. It wasn't so funny after all.

—The commissioners of Lehigh county have appealed to the Supreme Court a case in order to test the constitutionality of the act of 1887 which requires the county to furnish all the stationary for the county officials, and which has been objected to in about half of the counties in the State.

—David H. Gilkison, a well-known Pittsburg detective was shot and killed by Fred Fitzsimmons, a crook whom he, along with Constable P. J. Murphy, of the same city, was trying to arrest in the latter house in Mifflin township, Allegheny county on Saturday night. The murderer escaped but was captured the same night at Homestead.

—Late on Saturday nigh the body of John Bice, an employe of the Portage Iron Company, was found lying on the railroad tracks at the foot of a steep bluff, near Hollidaysburg. His neck was broken, but there were no other marks of violence on his person. It is supposed that he was killed by a train while walking on the track.

—Mrs. Harriet Little died at Derry on Saturday at the residence of her son-in-law, Albert Skelly, with whom she had been making her home. Deceased was the wife of Thomas Little, a veteran of the late war. She was about fifty-five years of age and leaves two daughters, Mrs. P. McDonnell, of Portage, and Mrs. Skelly, of Derry. The remains were taken to Wilmore on Saturday for interment.

—Hon. John S. Rhey took his departure on Saturday last for Allegheny City where he will make his home in the future with the Little Sisters of the Poor in that city. The infirmities of age have well nigh rendered Mr. Rhey helpless and the Cambria County Bar Association has provided for his support in the institution presided over by the Sisters of that Order. Mr. H. A. Englehart accompanied Mr. Rhey down to Allegheny, returning home on Monday.

—Wall paper.—Embossed bronze papers, 12 to 15 cents per bolt; grounded white back, 5 cents, at Dufton & Son's.

—At Hollidaysburg on Monday Judge Dean granted forty-nine license applications, refused twelve and held two over until Argument court. Of those granted thirty-two are in Altoona. Of those refused six are in Altoona.

—Charles Fresh, of Summerhill, was suddenly stricken down with an appoplectic stroke on Tuesday afternoon and died from the effects a few hours after. The deceased was about thirty years of age, and leaves a wife and family.

—J. J. Robb, of Nineveh, a brakeman on the Pittsburg division, while making a cuppling between cars in the yard at Altoona on Tuesday evening, was unfortunate in having his right had caught between the bumpers, the member being severely crushed.

—It is said that a new telephone line will be built through this place the coming summer between Blairsville and Cresson. As the line is already built as far west as Cresson and as far east as Blairsville, very little work will be required to complete a long distance telephone line.

—With the coming of spring a general cleaning up of our streets and alleys should commence. All should unite in this work so as to keep out the deadly typhoid fever and other diseases. All garbage and dirt on the streets, as well as in alleys and yards should be removed as soon as possible.

—In our advertising columns will be found a notice to contractors inviting proposals for the graduation, masonery and tunnel work of the Cambria and Clearfield railroad. There can be now no doubt that the iron horse will soon be wending his way along the banks of the Chest Creek between Kaylors and Brubakers.

—Newton Graham, of Clearfield county, who was lost while hunting on December 2nd, and for whom parties have been searching ever since, was found dead on Tuesday on Leonard's Ridge, two miles from a camp on Trout Run. His body was fourteen miles north of Clearfield, and he must have wandered until exhausted.

—William L Snyder, father of Conductor James Snyder, of this place, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Alice Burget, in Altoona on Wednesday, after a lingering illness. The old gentlemen was well known here where he had a number of friends who will be sorry to hear of his death. His age was 78 years and two months. His remains will be interred in Martinsburg on Friday.

—The Swank Hardware Company of Johnstown have something new in their advertisement this week. While on a visit to Johnstown, on Monday we dropped into their establishment and were surprised at the vast stock of hardware, woodenware and machinery of every description carried by this enterprising firm. If you are going to build and want hardware, or if you want any kind of machinery it will pay you to give them a call.

—Mr. James McCoy will offer at public sale at his residence on the Dry Gap road, east of Chest Springs, on Monday, April 6th, at 1 o'clock, P. M., a lot of personal property, consisting of two work horses, one 2-year-old mare colt, three head milk cows, twelve head sheep, twelve head young lambs, one 2-horse wagon, hay rake, spring wagon, buck wagon, threshing machine, mowing machine, plows, harrows, household and kitchen furniture and other articles. Reasonable credit will be given.

—A few days ago a valuable cow belonging to Mr. William Cole, of the East ward, paid a visit to the Court House yard and after being there a short time, laid down and died. Her death was caused by a shock of some kind, but whether from getting the first glimpse of some of the Court House officials from over her left shoulder, or from surprise at hearing of the number of liquor licenses granted by a Republican-Prohibition Judge, will never be known. There was no inquest held and the exact facts cannot be ascertained.

—Andrew Tims and Henry Pennington, two prisoners confined in the Bellefonte jail, made their escape last Tuesday night by unlocking the doors with false keys made by Tims. Their escape was not known until the next morning. The officers at once set out on their track but have not as yet succeeded in finding any clue to their whereabouts. Tims was awaiting trial for assaulting a little girl, and had been in jail only about two weeks. Pennington was serving out a year's sentence which he had received at the January term of court for assault.

—A dispatch from from Somerset on Wednesday says: "All sorts of rumors are afloat about a proposed attempt to rescue the Nicely boys. Two strangers tried to see them this morning, claiming to be from Pittsburg. Four men armed to the teeth are guarding the prison walls. The two strangers afterward critically surveyed the jail, and are suspected of trying to gain knowledge about the guards. The Nicely boys were notified to-day of the refusal of a respite. Dave Nicely said he expected a refusal. Joe Nicely would not speak to General Coffroth, who bore the message.

—A telegram from Rome says the laws for the suppression of religious guilds and fraternities which have existed for centuries, and for the abolition of chaplains in hospitals, asylums and prisons, went into effect in February last. The result is extraordinary. Until two Sundays ago there were 5,300 masses celebrated in Rome every Sunday. The number is now reduced to 800. One hundred and fifty-two churches are to be closed also, and their altars demolished. All sacred names are being erased from the school books and sacred emblems removed from the school rooms. These laws have created the utmost bitterness among the clergy.

—The erection of marble is the last work of respect to the memory of departed friends, and is a custom which has been followed from the earliest ages of antiquity. For many years J. Wilkinson & Son have been in the marble business in Ebensburg and through their energy and honorable dealings, they have built for themselves a reputation for doing their work in a most artistic manner. Their work is an ornament to the town as well as a credit to themselves. We are giving them no more notoriety than they deserve, and to prove our assertion, go to their establishment and see for yourself. They take pleasure in showing their work, whether you wish to purchase or not. They have on exhibition at their works two car-loads of monuments and headstones, and in April and May will receive two car-loads more. They will then have a large assortment of the latest styles for customers to select from. They have arrangements made with wholesale granite dealers so that they can fill all orders for granite monuments and headstones in a short time and as cheap as can be done anywhere. They buy their stock in such large quantities that they defy competition. They also have the agency for the Champion Iron Company and are prepared to furnish all kinds of fencing or anything in iron. Persons wishing to purchase anything in their line of business would do well to give them a call before leaving their order with any other manufacturer, as they have as fine, if not the finest stock of marble that ever came to Western Pennsylvania. Give them a trial and you can depend upon getting a good job at a fair price.

—Wanted, at McDonald's store, Loretto Pa., potatoes, cabbage, corn and oats. The highest price allowed.

The License Court.

The following licenses have been granted by the Court since our report in last week's FREEMAN:

Johnstown, 2nd ward—David Kirby, Michael Fitzharris and F. W. Spreck.
Johnstown 3rd ward—John J. Hornick and Joseph Botter.
Johnstown, 4th ward—C. H. McAteer.
Johnstown, 6th ward—William Shaffer, Nicholas Blum.
Johnstown, 9th ward—Philip Sandmaier, Albert K. Gesselhart and Philip Hartzfanger.
Johnstown, 15th ward—James Cush and M. P. Boyle.
Tunnelhill—John R. Killduff.
Morrellville—Francis Leckey.
Adams township—C. S. & J. S. Ickes.
Stonycreek township—Umbaugh & Markey and P. C. Ott.
Dean township—C. V. Stains.
Gallitzin borough—John Logue.

REFUSED.

The following licenses were refused:
Reade township—W. J. Adams.
Summerhill township—P. J. McGough.
Johnstown 9th ward—Bernard Burgoon.
Stonycreek township—William Mebs and Charles Dickert.
Morrellville—John Loridich, J. Albrecht, Jacob Esterly, Martin A. Stack and Michael Conway.
Susquehanna township—Oliver Swenk.
Croyle township—Arthur L. Dimond.
Washington township—Martin Scanlan.
Johnstown, 15th ward—Michael Mooney.
Johnstown, 7th ward—Frederick Deltz.

Communicated.

LILLY, Pa., March 21, 1891.

Editor Cambria Freeman:

SIR:—The profound and sincere regret that touched the hearts of the many relatives, friends and neighbors of Patrick Scanlan, one of the oldest pioneers in this section of Washington township, moves me to chronicle his death which took place on Wednesday, March 18th, at about 8:30, when he suddenly but peacefully passed away, in the 76th year of his age.

The deceased was born in county Limerick, Ireland, in 1815, and in 1844 he threw off the yoke of Her Majesty's government and sailed for America, arriving in Newark New Jersey where he sojourned for a brief time and then taking the advice of the late Horace Greely to go west, started for the Alleghenies. He located at Plane No. 3 on the Old Portage Railroad, where he pursued rigging, farming, and mining up to the time of his death. His estimable wife, Mary Scanlan whose amiable disposition, charity and many other virtues endeared her to all acquainted with her preceded him to the silent tomb about nine months ago. Mr. Scanlan leaves to survive him four children, two sons Martin and Thomas and two daughters, Maggie married to Mr. George Brandt, proprietor of the Brandt House in Lilly, and Katie married to Jacob Bender all of whom reside in this locality. May he rest in peace.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for two weeks ending Wednesday, March 25th, 1891:

Henry Leddy, Jackson township, and Sarah Jane Mahon, Paint township, Somerset county.
James M. Gillespie and Susan P. Kimmel, Johnstown.
Frank Barringer, West Taylor township, and Sadie Riffel, Johnstown.
Joseph Moser, Kittanning Point, Blair county, and Annie Sheerdon, Delancy.
William Stutzman, Johnstown, and Martha Benshoff, West Taylor township.
Alfred Houston and Lizzie Gendlesberger, Conemaugh.
Robert Dawson and Mary Drumard, Hastings.
A. W. Nagle and Emma Blatenberger, Hastings.
Charles Wingard and Mollie E. Sprecengost, Johnstown.
Vincent E. Mincely and Julliann Wissinger, Stonycreek township.
Albert Wolford and Alice Edith Ellis, Cassandra.
Noah H. Kaufman and Katie Noon, Johnstown.
William H. Wiggins and Martha E. Bokers, Johnstown.
Charles Kerchner and Emma Louisa Cuthbert, Johnstown.
Israel Rorabaugh and Emma James, Cambria township.
Robert W. Steele and Esther Baughman, Grapeville, Westmoreland county.

A Family Duty.

The home circle is sacred and life has few charms indeed if family ties are burst asunder. The promotion of happiness and the prevention of sickness are of prime importances in every household. It is in the spring that old and young alike are most susceptible to the hundreds of diseases that fill the atmosphere we breathe and the water we drink. The timely use of a reliable stimulant is the only sure way to guard against sickness in the home. Max Klein's "Silver Age" and "Duquesne" brands of pure rye whiskey are recommended by physicians as the best invigorator in the world. Both are sold under a sworn guarantee of purity, "Silver Age" at $1.50 per full quart bottle, and "Duquesne" at $1.25. These whiskies are used exclusively in the leading hospitals, which is sufficient evidence that they are the best obtainable.

Mr. Guckenheimer, Finch, Gibson and Overholt are sold by Mr. Klein at $1 per quart or six quarts of $5. His stock of wines, brandies, etc., is the largest in Pennsylvania. Goods promptly shipped to all parts of the United States. Send for catalogue and price list, mentioning this paper. Max Klein, 82 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

A Horrible Assault.

On Saturday last Christian Leibarz, a middle-aged German, walked into the house of John Schmidthuber, on Fourth avenue, and after playing with the children for some time he suddenly picked up one of them, Paul, a young son, and set him on the red hot stove. The mother rushed in from an adjoining room and rescued the child, but not before he had been horribly burned, large pieces of flesh sticking to the hot iron. Leibarz escaped and was not seen again until Tuesday when he again made his appearance, and, slipping into the house, he again pounced on the child. This time, however, a young man, a relation of the child, answered its cries, and soon succeeded in knocking the brute out of the house and in holding him until the officer took him away. Leibarz will be given a hearing before Alderman Blake.—*Altoona Times.*

Card of Thanks.

PARNASSAS, Pa., March 18, 1891.

Editor Cambria Freeman:

SIR:—The undersigned desires, in this public manner, to return his thanks to the people of Cambria county, and to those of Ebensburg especially, for their kindness toward him in his recent troubles, and to the attorneys for the able manner in which they defended his brother.

W. T. BRADEN.

St. Charles Hotel, Pittsburg.

This hotel is one of the oldest and best managed in Pittsburg. The proprietor, Mr. Chas. S. Gill, does not delegate the charge to others but exercises personal supervision which is a guarantee that the comfort of guests is studied in every particular. Once visited guests are sure to return.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Loretto Correspondence.

LORETTO Pa., March 26, 1891.

Editor Cambria Freeman:

SIR:—Rev. Father Kittell, of Tyrone, has been appointed to take charge of the Loretto congregation, which has been without a pastor for a few weeks past. Rev. Father Ryan, the late pastor is now stationed at Gallitzin. Both reverend gentlemen have our best wishes.

Mr. James Adams, a life-time cripple, died at the residence of Mr. Joseph Adams, near Chest Springs, on Sunday last at the age of eighty years. His funeral will take place at Loretto on Sunday.

F. A. Storm lost a valuable cow one day last week by being drowned in a swamp which she accidentally fell into.

Your correspondent had the pleasure of being present at the Storm school on Tuesday during the closing exercises. The exercises consisted of recitations, dialogues, etc., and the pupils were heartily applauded by the visitors on the creditable manner in which they acquitted themselves. No teacher has given better satisfaction than the present one and would all welcome her back again.

G. A. S.

—Don't miss seeing the immense stock of Spring clothing at C. A. Sharbaugh's, Carrolltown.

Obituary.

DOUGHERTY.—Died at home on Saturday morning, March 21st, 1891, Mr. Mark Dougherty, aged 29 years.

Mr. Dougherty was employed as a brakeman on the Cresson & Coalport railroad up until a few weeks ago when he was stricken with fever, of which death relieved him on the day mentioned. He was a member of the E. B. A., of Ashville, was a kind and true friend, a loving brother and respected by all who knew him. His remains were taken to St Aloysius' church, at the Summit, where a High Mass of Requium was celebrated by Rev. Father Dignam, after which the remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery, May he rest in peace.

—Come and examine my new Spring clothing and gents' furnishings. We will gladly show goods whether you wish to buy or not. C. A. SHARBAUGH, Carrolltown.

Taken in time, even Consumption yields to the wonderful effects of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It won't make new lungs—but it will make diseased ones healthy when nothing else will. There's reason for it, too. Consumption is Lung-scrofula. For every form of scrofula, and all blood-taints, the "Discovery" is a positive cure. It's the most potent strength-restorer, blood-cleanser, and flesh-builder known to medical science. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, and all lingering Coughs, it's an unequaled remedy. It's a *guaranteed* one. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back. You've everything to gain from it—nothing to lose.

It's especially potent in curing Tetter, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands, Tumors and Swellings. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE

Real : Estate !

By virtue of an order issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises in Allegheny township, on

Saturday, April 18th, 1891,

at two o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Thomas Bishop, Peter Bliek, Mathias Sheek, and Sebastian Fetcher, containing 74 ACRES, more or less having thereon erected a Log House and Frame Barn and all necessary out-buildings.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid at the confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal payments, at six and twelve months respectively, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage of purchaser.

W. A. B. LITTLE,
Assignee of Michael Hoffman.

Loretto, Pa., March 27, 1891.3t.

HOTEL LE GRANDE.
H. J. SCHETTIG, PROPRIETOR.

Located at DuBois, Pa., near the B. R. & P. Railway Depot. We always endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Persons in search of comfort and quiet will find it a desirable place to stop. The Table is unsurpassed and is always supplied with the best the market affords, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars and nothing but the best is sold. Special attention given to the care of horses.

H. J. SCHETTIG.

EXECUTRIX' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Anthony Will late of Chest Springs borough, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

ANNIE C. WILL,
JANE WILL,
Executrix.

Chest Springs, February 6th, 1891.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned will sell at private sale pieces of real estate situate in Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., containing respectively sixty-six and fifty-five acres and allowance. The property is improved and in good state of cultivation, and will be sold at a reasonable price and upon easy terms. For further particulars call on or address Alvin Evans, Ebensburg, Pa., or

LUKE ROGGERS,
Loretto, Pa

December 12, 1890.

Proposals.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.
OFFICE OF THE SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT.
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 26, 1891.

Sealed proposals addressed to the undersigned, and marked upon the outside "Proposals" will be received at this office until **3 P. M., April 11, 1891,** for completing the grading, masonry and tunnel work upon Sections 7 to 24, inclusive, of the Cambria and Clearfield Railroad in Cambria county, Pa. Profiles and specifications of the work to be done can be seen at the office of **C. S. d'Invilliers, Engineer, Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa.,** where all necessary information can be obtained. The work is plainly marked on the ground by section stakes, and contractors must make a careful examination in person before submitting bids. Proposals to state price per cubic yard for first and second class bridge masonry, arch and box culvert masonry, paving and rip rap, tunnel excavation and timbering and ordinary excavation, with and without classification. All excavated material must be hauled into embankment, (without allowance for overhaul), for the price paid for excavation. Contractors will be required to furnish satisfactory references. The Company reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

JOS. D. CRAWFORD,
Asst. to the 2nd Vice President.

March 27. 233 South Fourth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Announcements.

FOR SHERIFF.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

JAMES MYERS.

Ebensburg, February 20th, 1891.

FOR SHERIFF.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

JOSEPH A. GRAY.

Carrolltown, Pa., March 17th, 1891.

TAKE FOR
RHEUMATISM
GOUT, BACKACHE, Pains in the Side, the Chest and the Joints, Neuralgia, Sprains, etc., etc., the
IMPORTED
"ANCHOR"
PAIN EXPELLER
IT IS AND WILL EVER BE
The BEST, UNEQUALED REMEDY.
Used with great success in the Imperial and Royal General Hospital of Vienna and many others.
One Unsolicited Testimonial out of Thousands:
Petrovoia, Ill., Jan. 25, '90.
Your Anchor Pain Expeller is really excellent. One of our Sisters, suffering from Rheumatism for years, could find nothing to cure her but your Anchor Pain Expeller.
Sch'son. SISTERS DE NOTRE DAME.
50 Cents a bottle.
OF MOST DRUGGISTS, OR DIRECT FROM
F. AD. RICHTER & CO.,
310 Broadway, New York.
European Houses: Rudolstadt, G'y, London, Vienna, Rotterdam, Prague, Koustein, Olten, Nuremberg, Leipsic.
22 PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED.
FREE Books about other Anchor Remedies on Application.

on 8 1890 ly.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT WITH THE Supervisors of Dean township for year ending March 7th, 1891.

MICHAEL NAGLE, Supervisor.

Dr.

Amount of duplicate	$187 64
Balance from last settlement	183 59
Cash collected	43 59
Flow and two hammers	10 00
Total	$399 82

Cr.

Work done by taxables	$182 64
Exonerations	1 95
Amount returned to Commissioners	72 71
Cash paid for work	131 09
Cash paid personal service 47 days	70 50
Expenses to Ebensburg	2 10
Attending settlement and oath	1 25
Total	$462 44
	399 82
Balance due Supervisor	$ 62 62

FRANK KOPP, Supervisor.

Dr.

Amount of duplicate	$190 27
Scoop, plow, three hammers and axe	13 00
Received on license	151 20
Received from former supervisor	38 97
Total	$401 50

Cr.

Work on duplicate	$ 94 22
Scoop, plow, three hammers and axe	13 00
Exonerations	2 12
Cash on duplicate	48 93
Paid for work	226 12
Orders paid	99 25
Personal service, 47 days	70 50
Attending settlement and oath	1 25
Expenses to Ebensburg	3 20
Total	$559 59
	404 50
Due Frank Kopp	$155 09

We, the undersigned auditors, do certify that we have examined the above accounts and find them as stated.

A. BEERS,
J. O. McMULLEN
WM. HILDEBRAND,
Auditors.

Attest: JOHN CAWLEY, Clerk.
March 27th, 1891.

STATEMENT OF SETTLEMENT WITH THE Supervisors of Washington township for the year ending March 9th, 1891.

GEORGE SEBOLT, Supervisor, Dr.

To amount of duplicate	$582 03
To License money received	201 87
Total	$783 90

Cr.

By orders redeemed	$220 61
By Auditors' exonerations	10 15
By cash paid for work	188 87
By taxes worked by taxables	179 12
By commission on cash tax ($179.65) at 5 per cent	8 98
By amount paid for tool	2 00
By 91 days' services as Supervisor at $1.50 per day	136 50
By 3 days to Ebensburg	5 00
By horse hire	22 00
Total	$780 09
Balance due township	$4 11

MICHAEL DONAHOE, Supervisor, Dr.

To amount of duplicate	$1,463 28
To amount received from unseated lands, $203.46—less Treasurer's com., $9 83	193 63
Total	$1,656 87
To order township for balance	809 87
Total	$1,966 78

Cr.

By Auditors exonerations	$ 18 00
By orders redeemed	531 20
By cash paid for work	554 04
By amount worked out by taxables	90 95
By amount paid for horse hire	495 00
By amount paid for blacksmithing	5 00
By amount paid to Commissioners	11 37
By amount paid for material	7 65
By 125 days services as Supervisor at $1.40 per day	187 50
By commission on cash $1,068.47 at 5 per cent	54 17
Total	$1,966 78

We, the undersigned Auditors of Washington township have examined the above accounts and find them as stated.

JOHN M'TAMANY,
R. C. MYERS,
A. J. SANKEY,
Auditors.

Attest: JOHN POWERS, Sr., Clerk.
Summit, March 27, 1891.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF CHEST Springs borough.

THOS. CALLAN, Dr.

To License money lifted	$171 60
Balance due Thomas Callan	2 05
	$173 65

Cr.

By orders lifted	$ 68 83
By amount money paid School board	100 00
By Commissioners	4 82
	$173 65

JAS. RANDALL, Burgess, Dr.

To fines collected in 1889 and 1890	$10 25
M. L. LEARY, Street Commissioner, Dr.	
To amount duplicate, 1890	$ 94 45
To balance of duplicate, 1889	18 62
	$113 08

Cr.

By work done	$104 22
Balance to be added to duplicate of 1891	8 86
	$113 08

RESOURCES.

Resources of borough	$64 23

LIABILITIES.

Liabilities of borough	$ 2 65
Resources over Liabilities	61 58
	$64 23

R. SOMERVILLE,
JAS. McMULLEN,
WM. T. LITTLE,
Auditors.

Attest: M. L. LEARY, Clerk.

NOTICE.

State of Pennsylvania, } ss.
County of Cambria, }

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to all persons claiming to be heirs or in any wise interested or claiming interest in real estate, real or personal, or in the distribution of the estate of Lena A. Shumaker, who was the daughter of John Streim, deceased, Greeting:

You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at Ebensburg, in and for said county, on the first Monday of June, A. D., 1891, at two o'clock P. M., then and there to show cause, if any you have, why a decree should not be made ordering and directing the administrator of Lena Shumaker, deceased, to pay over to James M. Shumaker, her surviving husband, the fund in his hands and due to him under the intestate laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in the absence of other heirs.

Here in fail not.

WITNESS, the Honorable A. V. Barker, President Judge of our said Orphans' Court at Ebensburg, this 9th day of March, A. D. 1891.

[Seal.]

CELESTINE J. BLAIR,
Clerk O. C.

Ebensburg, March 20, 1891.3t.

C. A. LANGBEIN,
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
ALL KINDS of HARNESS,
SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS,
COLLARS HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,
Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.
☞Shop Barker's Row on Centre street.
apr12'91

MONEY can be earned at our NEW line of work, by people of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new kind, and brings wonderful success to every worker, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment as stated above. Write us at once to explain here. Full information free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

FOR SALE.

I have four or five hundred perches of stone that were taken out of the old Ashland furnace stack. These stone are nearly all dressed on two sides, and some of them are 5x12x18 feet long. I will put them on the cars at Ashville at $2 per perch.

D. M. KRATZER,
Jan. 23, 1891. Ashville, Cambria Co., Pa

SIMON & CO'S
Great Clearing Sale!

As we are overstocked, we will, for the next thirty days, sell everything at a genuine reduction of 25 cent., which means that we will give you One Dollar's ($1.00) worth of goods for seventy-five cents. This is a rare chance to buy goods cheap. Don't fail to take advantage of this offer as there is a great saving of money in it—for you.

We quote you a few prices to give you an idea of the great advantages to be derived from this great reduction.

Carpets! Carpets!

Brussels Carpet, elegant patterns, which sold at $1.00 per yard, sold now at 75 cents per yard. Ingrain Carpet, which usually sold at 48 cents per yard, will be sold at 40 cents per yard. Rag Carpet, which sold at the same figure as Ingrain, will be sold at 35 cents per yard. Irish Brussels, in four patterns, your choice, at 25 cents per yard. Hemp Carpet which formerly sold for 25 cents per yard, will now be sold for 18 cents per yard.

Shoes! Shoes!

We have $12,000 worth of Shoes which we will sell at the following prices:
Miners' Brogans, A 1, were $1.35; now $1.25.
Boys' Brogans, A 1, were 75 cents; are now 65 cents.
Men's Fine Dress Shoes, were $1.48; are now $1.25.
Men's Extra Fine Dress Shoes, were $2.25; are now $1.95.
The well-known Railroad Shoes, were $2.50; are now $2.00.
Our "Leader" Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes, were $1.48; are now $1.25.
Our Ladies' Fine Fine French Kid Shoes, were $1.98; are now $1.74.
Fine Spring Heel Shoes, were $2.00; are now $1.74.

DRY GOODS!

All New Styles and Shades for the coming Spring Season.
Calicos, per yard, only 4 cents and up.
Unbleached Muslin, per yard, only 4 cents per yard and up.
Ginghams, per yard, only 5 cents and up.
Flannels, red and other shades, per yard, 20 cents.
Lumbermen's Flannel, per yard, 35 cents.
Our Bargains in the above line of goods are greater than ever before.

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

Our Line of Clothing is an extensive one, and it is impossible to mention herein the many different styles, and in order to form a conception of its immensity, you will have to call and examine.
Boys' Short Pants, were 25 cents; are now 19 cents.
Boys' Long Working Pants, were 85 cents; are now 75 cents.
Boys' Long Dress Pants, were $1.24; are now 98 cents.
Men's Iron-clad Pants, were 97 cents; are now 85 cents.
Men's Dress Pants, were $1.67; are now $1.25.
Men's Fine Dress Suits, were $3.00; are now $2.25.
Boys' Fine Dress Suits, were $2.00 are now $1.74.
Short Pants for Boys ranging in age from 4 to 14 years, were $1.98; are now $1.48.
Short Pants for Boys ranging in age from 4 to 14 years, were $1.67; are now $1.19.
Would like to say one word to you yet, and that is when you visit our store, ask to be shown our furniture department.
Remember we are the largest and most reliable dealers in Clothing, Dry Goods, etc., in either Cambria or Blair counties.

SIMON & CO.,
BERTRAM SIMON, Sole Manager. GALLITZIN, PA.

LILLY
BANKING : CO.,
LILLY, PA.,
JNO. B. MULLEN, - - - CASHIER.
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
FIRE, LIFE, AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.
ALL THE PRINCIPAL STEAMSHIP LINES REPRESENTED BY US.
Accounts of merchants, farmers and others earnestly solicited, assuring our patrons that all business entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention, and be held strictly confidential. Customers will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.
LILLY BANKING CO.,
feb590. Lilly, Penna.

Select School.

The undersigned will open in the room of the High School in Gallitzin on
MONDAY, APRIL 20TH, 1891,
a Select School in which, in addition to the Common Branches, all the higher branches that pupils may require will be taught. To meet the wants of all classes of pupils, three courses of studies will be taught, viz: The Intermediate course, the Teachers' course and the Higher course. The Higher course is especially designed to prepare young persons to engage in any of the mechanic arts, or to enter any of the professions. Terms: Intermediate course, $6 for the term (ten week); Teachers' course, $7 for the term; or 75c. per week if entering after the second week; for the Higher course an additional charge for each additional branch will be made. For further particulars address JOHN M'CORMICK,
St. Augustine, Pa.,
or Wilmore, Pa.
Jan30.90.

Farquhar Keystone Corn Planter
Warranted the best Corn Dropper and most perfect Force-feed Fertilizer Distributor in the world. Send for Catalogue.
ADDRESS,
A. B. FARQUHAR CO.
YORK, PA.
SEND FOR LARGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

FARM FOR RENT.

The subscriber offers for rent his farm in Munster township, along the line of the Ebensburg & Cresson railroad, about two miles from Cresson. Farm contains about 70 acres, about 60 cleared. Possession given on 1st of April. Call on or address the the subscriber at Loretto, Pa.

JAMES NOON.
Feb. 27, 1891.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, and will be confirmed by said Court on the second Monday of April, 1891, unless cause be shown to the contrary:

Account of George Brant, assignee of the Lilly Merchandise Company, Limited, for the benefit of creditors.

JAS. C. DARBY,
March 6, 1891.4 Prothonotary.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Francis Bearer, late of Carrolltown borough, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH BEARER,
P. J. DIETRICH,
Executors.
Carrolltown, March 13, 1891.

FARM

PROFIT FROM PATENTS

Rich Returns Received by Ingenious Inventors.

Articles of Usefulness and Convenience Which Have Made Large Fortunes for the Men Who Thought Them Out —The Value of Ideas.

"There is," says an eminent authority, "scarcely an article of human convenience or necessity in the market today that has not been the subject of a patent in whole or in part. The sale of every such article yields its inventor a profit. If we purchase a box of paper collars a portion of the price goes to the inventor; if we buy a sewing machine the probability is that we pay a royalty to as many as a dozen or fifteen inventors at once." Lord Brougham often said that he would gladly have exchanged his honors and emoluments for the profits and renown of the inventor of the perambulator or sewing machine. We are not wishful, says the Chicago Herald, to lead our readers to covet what are termed "large fortunes" as really conducive to happiness or usefulness. "Fortune" is itself a heathen and not a Christian word. But "invention" is another thing, and the remunerative results are a fitting element for consideration in these days. Howe, the originator of the sewing machine, derived £100,000 a year from it, and from their mechanical improvements the celebrated Wheeler & Wilson are reputed to have divided for many years an income of £200,000, while the author of the Singer sewing machine left at his decease nearly £3,000,000. The telephone, the planing machine and the rubber patents realized many millions, while the simple idea of heating the blast in iron smelting increased the wealth of the country by hundreds of millions. The patent of making the lower ends of candles taper instead of parallel, so as to more easily fit the socket, made the present enormous business of a well-known firm of London chandlers. The "drive-well" was an idea of Colonel Green, whose troops during the war were in want of water. He conceived the notion of driving a two-inch tube into the ground until water was reached, and then attaching a pump. This simple contrivance was patented, and the tens of thousands of farmers who have adopted it have been obliged to pay him a royalty, estimated at £600,000. A large profit was realized by the inventor who patented the idea of making umbrellas out of alpaca instead of gingham, and the patentee of the improved "paragon frame" (Samuel Fox) lately left by will £176,000 out of the profits of his invention. The wearing, dyeing, lace and ribbon-making trades originated and depend for their existence upon ingenious machinery, the result of an infinity of inventive efforts.

The discovery of the perforated substance used for fastening clothes and for other purposes has made its inventor a millionaire. George Yenton, the inventor in question, was a poor Yankee canvasser in Vermont. He first distinguished himself by inventing a machine for weaving cane, but he made no money out of it, as soon one of his men had the process patented. After a number of years' experimenting Yenton at last hit upon this invention, which consists of a number of thin layers of boards of different degrees of hardness glued together to give pliability. He formed a company, and today has a plant valued at £500,000, and is in the receipt of a princely annual revenue derived from this invention. Carpet beating, from being an untold nuisance, has become a lucrative trade through inventive genius and mechanical contrivance. Even natural curiosity has been turned to account in the number of automatic boxes for the sale of goods of all kinds, and fabulous dividends have been paid by the companies owning the patents. The most profitable inventions have been the improvements in simple, useless things of every-day use, that everybody wants. Among the number of patents for small things may be mentioned the "stylographic pen," and a pen for shading in different colors, producing £40,000 per annum. A large profit has been reaped by a miner who invented a metal rivet or eyelet at each end of the mouth of coat and trousers pocket to resist the strain caused by the carriage of pieces of ore and heavy tools. In a recent legal action it transpired in evidence that the inventor of metal plates used to protect soles and heels of boots from wear sold upward of 12,000,000 plates in 1879, and in 1887 the number reached 143,000,000, producing realized profits of a quarter of a million of money. Another useful invention is the "darning weaver," a device for repairing stockings, undergarments, etc., the sale of which is very large and increasing. As large a sum as was ever obtained for any invention was enjoyed by the inventor of the inverted glass bell to hang over gas to protect ceilings from being blackened, and a scarcely less lucrative patent was that for simply putting emery powder on cloth. Frequently time and circumstances are wanted before an invention is appreciated, but it will be seen that patience is well rewarded, for the inventor of the roller skate made over £200,000, notwithstanding the fact that his patent had nearly expired before its value was ascertained. The gimlet-pointed screw has produced more wealth than most silver mines, and the American who first thought of putting copper tips to children's shoes is as well off as if his father had left him £400,000 in United States bonds. Upward of £2,000 a year was made by the inventor of the common needle threader. To the foregoing might be added thousands of trifling but useful articles from which handsome incomes are derived.

EASILY EXPLAINED.

Why a Smart Dog Took the Place of a Setting Hen.

"Speaking of the dog show," said the man in the slate-colored trousers to a New York Tribune reporter, "reminds me of an astonishing proof of canine intelligence which came under my observation in the year 1879. I was at that time residing in Binghampton, Broome County, N. Y., and had a considerable amount of live stock, some poultry and a superb setter dog. I tell you he was a fine animal. I never see a dog with such gentle ways. Gentlemen, you could have pulled enough hair out of that dog to stuff a sofa pillow and he wouldn't 'a' bit a bald-headed baby. One day he was runnin' around the yard and somehow he playfully snapped the head off a hen. Gentlemen, I never knowed how he did it, but somehow or other the dog found out that she was a settin' hen and blamed if the critter didn't go and set on them eggs himself till he hatched out nine chickens."

There was a significant silence as the man in the slate-colored trousers finished and toyed suggestively with his glass.

"How do you explain such a remarkable occurrence?" at length inquired the man on the end.

"Setter dog, gentlemen," and then the man in the slate-colored trousers strolled away.

Medical Item.

First Doctor—I had a very interesting case the other day. The diagnosis was all right, but the course of the disease was decidedly abnormal.

Second Doctor—What course did it take?

First Doctor—The patient recovered. —Texas Siftings.

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The Cambria Freeman,

EBENSBURG, PENN'A.

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CIGARS & CIGARETTES.

PATENTED

Where Goods Contain the Leaves or Needles of the Pine Tree.

Use them for a pleasant smoke and speedy relief for *INFLUENZA, ACUTE AND CHRONIC CATARRH, CLERGYMEN'S SORE THROAT, HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND ALL BRONCHIAL DISEASES;* they are free from adulteration, as nothing is used in their manufacture but the *BEST OF TOBACCO* and *FRESH PINE NEEDLES.*

MANUFACTURED BY

PINE NEEDLE CIGAR CO.

FREEHOLD, N. J.

What a Comfort!

No Dirt! No Fuss! No Back Ache!

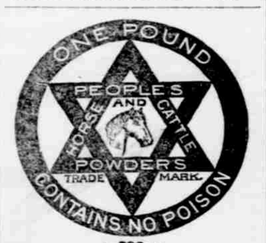
LASTS LONGER, LOOKS BRIGHTER, and makes the Shoes WEAR BETTER. Don't let the women have all the best things, but use

Wolff's ACME Blacking

ONCE A WEEK FOR MEN. ONCE A MONTH FOR WOMEN.

I find it a tip top Harness Dressing.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia



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Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.

Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Blotches, and all difficulties arising from impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured by the*

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FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

PERUVIAN TONIC LIVER REGULATOR.

The only sure and radical cure for

CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION,

and all disorders of the liver and has cured hundreds of people and is the only remedy for these diseases, and in cases in which the most skillful physicians have utterly failed Testimonials from hundreds of people living in Blair county, Pennsylvania. It is manufactured by **D. T. Kotring, Williamsburg, Pa.**, for the P. T. L. R. Co., and for sale by all druggists at 50 cents per bottle.

None genuine except label shows the Indian arrow-head trade mark.

April 25th, '90-1y.

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THE PUBLIC will always find us at our place of business in business hours. Everything neat and cosy. A bath room has been connected with the shop where the public can be accommodated with a hot or cold bath. Bath tub and everything connected therein kept perfectly clean. TOWELS A SPECIALTY.

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Office in Armory Building, opp. Court House.

RECREATION FOR WOMEN.

How the Ladies of London Take Outdoor Exercise.

The prominent place which women have suddenly taken for themselves in all forms of healthy outdoor exercise is of such recent growth that it has not yet had time to form itself into clubs and associations. We in London, says the Times of that city, have not yet seen women able to form coteries and "ladies' luncheons," as the sex is said to do in New York and Boston, into which no intrusive male foot may enter. Whatever they may do across the Atlantic, it is certain that the fair Yankee visitor does not here show such aggressive femininity, and is glad enough to take her pleasure in company with despised man—when the man is English. No form of recreation, to a well-born English woman, can of course compare with riding. True, in London that is only to be obtained in the Row, but under no circumstances does a well-born girl look more fascinating than when "turned out" for the midday ride.

Time was when a tall hat and the most perfect and severest habit were the strictest essentials of riding in the Row. During the last year or two, however, a considerable relaxation has come over full riding dress, and a round straw hat, a covert coat, and cotton shirt were often —indeed, most frequently—worn. The types and conditions of womenkind to be seen here are unending. The titled daughter of an M. F. H. is at her ease here just as she will be in the evening at a dance, or later on exchanging friendly greetings with her father's tenantry at the covert side. Her Brayswater in charge of the riding master and thinking that being on horseback is an over-estimated pleasure; here is the stout and heavy lady, who hopes that violent exercise upon a weight-carrier will allow her to have her dresses made an inch or two tighter in the waist, and there is the professional rideress with a showy horse to sell. Yes, the Row is certainly the first place of "recreation" for women in London.

The last season has seen driving jump to a great height of favor among fashionable women. A smart pony and a little ralli cart are what they have chiefly affected, but it is dangerous to the safety of humbler citizens that every woman believes driving to be the easiest thing in the world. Only those who can and do drive well recognize how fine an art it is under any circumstances, and that in London it really requires a great amount of skill and nerve not to endanger either one's own life or that of other people's.

Compared with what it has done in the provinces, "cycling has made small progress in London as a lady's pastime. It is, however, now becoming more popular, as several well-known women are adopting it. Mrs. Haweis, among others, is an enthusiastic tricyclist, and can give many useful hints to other ladies about the wisdom of taking train out beyond dreary suburbs and reserving strength for long runs among the hills and pretty scenery which can be reached so easily from London.

It is certain that the prejudice which once existed regarding ladies riding a tricycle is fast dying out, and many women now who are leading sedentary lives in offices and schools look forward to a Saturday afternoon's "run" as a restorative and tonic after their week's work.

LANTERNS IN GERMANY.

They Were Formerly Used as Symbols of Rank.

The distinctions of rank which exist in European countries give rise to many troubles which, though they may seem rather amusing as well as trivial to us, are in reality quite serious to the persons concerned in them. In Stuttgart, years ago, says an exchange, there existed a curious custom which is not yet entirely abolished, and, in fact, still flourishes quite vigorously in some parts of Germany and Switzerland. This was the use of lanterns of different varieties and sizes, by which, at night, the rank of the party could be easily distinguished.

The lanterns were carried by the servants who were sent to escort their mistresses home from places of amusement, and they made the square in front of the Royal Opera-House, where most of the entertainments were then given, quite picturesque with their lights bobbing up and down in every direction.

The differences between some of these lanterns were slight, but they had to be strictly observed, or trouble arose. The order of rank, as set forth in the "rankist," was something from which they could never swerve. Some had lanterns of tin, some of brass; some had wax lights, and others tallow; even the number of lights was prescribed for each separate class or rank.

An amusing story is told by Hacklander of two Stuttgart women, whose life-long friendship was nearly destroyed by the mistake of one of the husbands, who bought at an auction a lantern which could only be used with propriety by people of the next higher rank.

The servant polished the offending lantern, and took it with her the very next night when she went to meet her mistress at the close of an operatic entertainment. It was some time before the other woman, whose sense of the proprieties of life had been outraged, and who thought her old friend was endeavoring to lay claim to a rank above the one in which they both belonged, could be appeased. Even after the explanation, the subject of the lantern was always a sore one between them.

RAILWAY NOTES.

THE railroad capital of the world is estimated at $29,000,000,000.

THE five New England States have built so far this year 16 miles of railroad. North Carolina has built 226.

IT costs on an average 2.17 cents to carry a passenger one mile in the United States, and the average length of his trip is 24.17 miles.

READING cars fitted out with the most popular periodicals and books will be attached to the passenger trains on the St. Petersburg-Warsaw railroad. Great care will be taken to have the cars properly lighted in the evening.

IN England one person out of every 5,250,000 people carried is killed. In France one out of every 2,000,000 passengers is killed. In Belgium one out of every 9,000,000 is killed. In Prussia only one out of 31,500,000 is killed.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company has awarded contracts for building an iron ferry-boat which, when completed, will be the largest and strongest ferry-boat afloat. The new vessel will be entirely of iron, except the joiner work, and will be a double-decker, propelled by a screw at each end.

THE Imperial Council has sanctioned the plan of building the Gebirian railroad. The work will begin immediately. The entire cost of the enterprise is estimated at about 400,000,000 rubles. The road will unite the interior of Siberia with the Pacific Ocean and will be very advantageous for strategic purposes.

The Largest Coin.

The largest gold coin in circulation in the world is stated to be the gold "loof" of Annam, the French colony in Eastern Asia. It is a flat round piece worth sixty-five pounds sterling. The next in size to this unwieldy coin is the Japanese "obang," which weighs more than two ounces and a half, about equal to ten English sovereigns.

Paine's Celery Compound

CURES Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Weakness, Stomach and Liver Diseases, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all affections of the Kidneys.

WEAK NERVES

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND IN A which never fails. Containing Coca, those wonderful nerve s speedily cures all nervous disor

RHEUMATISM

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND purifies the blood. It drives out the lactic acid, which causes Rheumatism, and by purifying the blood-making creates to a healthy condition. It is the true remedy for Rheumatism.

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND quickly restores the liver and kidneys to perfect health. This curative power, combined with its nerve tonics, makes it the best remedy for all kidney complaints.

DYSPEPSIA

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND strengthens the stomach, and quiets the nerves of the digestive organs. This is why it cures even the worst cases of *Dyspepsia.*

CONSTIPATION

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND is not a cathartic. It is a laxative, giving easy and natural action to the bowels. Regularity surely follows its use.

Recommended by professional and business men. Send for book.

Price $1.00. Sold by Druggists.

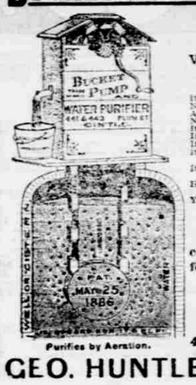
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Prop'ts BURLINGTON, VT.

DRINK PURE WATER.

BY USING THE

BUCKET PUMP AND WATER PURIFIER

IN YOUR WELLS AND CISTERNS.



Purifies by Aeration.

Warranted to Purify a Foul Well or Cistern in Ten Days Use or Money Refunded.

It will draw ten gallons of water per minute.
Never has to be packed, primed or thawed out.
A ten-year old boy can draw water with ease from a 50 ft. well.
No iron tubing to rust or burst. No stockers or valves to wear out.
It has no wooden tubing to wear out, decay or pollute the water.
It will not rust or corrode, as the chain is made of galvanized iron.
It is the simplest and most durable structure made for raising water.
It can be set up in fifteen minutes, as there is nothing to fasten below the platform.
It will not freeze, having stood the test of a Dakota winter, 36 degrees below zero, as the buckets discharge themselves.
Has no leather, rubber or wood in contact with the water to contaminate it.
You do not have to pump out a pailful of water to get a fresh, cool drink, for every bucket goes down full of air to the bottom, and fills with cold water as the air escapes.

Price $10 for a ten-foot well or cistern; 50 cents for every additional foot in depth, after 10 feet.

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Importers and Jobbers of Music and Musical Merchandise.

We Make a SPECIALTY of Organs in Piano Cases, FINELY FINISHED and HAND POLISHED, in Rosewood, Ebony, Walnut and Antique Oak

And containing our own Patented Improvements.

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For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use. GENERATION AFTER GENERATION HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.

SOOTHING-HEALING

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It.

Every Traveler should have a bottle of it in his satchel.

Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervousness Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure. Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts., by mail, 4 bottles, Express paid, $1. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

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COMMENCED BUSINESS

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Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

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Four little fortunes have been made to work for us, by Anna Page, Austin, Texas, and Jos. Rose, Toledo, Ohio &c. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $1000.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in your time or all the time. Big money for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Particulars free. Better not hesitate. Footwear Mfg. Co., Portland, Maine.

Happy and content is a bride with "The Rochester;" she lives in the light of the morning. *Tell a mare, write Rochester Lamp Co. New York.*

OILS! OILS!

The Standard Oil Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

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That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the most

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY,

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PATENT STEEL PICKET FENCE.

HANDSOME, INDESTRUCTIBLE. Cheaper than Wood.

The above cut shows Picket Fence with gate. It is not a portable fence, but can be set on Iron or Wood Posts. We are willing for prices, give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We are Manufacturers Heavy Iron Fencing, Crestings, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, Iron Bedsteads, Frames for Doors and Windows, WIRE WORK and WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

TAYLOR & DEAN,

201, 203 & 205 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Golden - Wedding - Rye - Whiskies,

136 WATER STREET, PITTSBURG, PA.

Oldest established house in the city, where nothing but pure goods are put up, strictly for family and medicinal use. Nothing better than Golden Wedding. Next on the list, Quackenheimer's, Gray's Monongahela Rye; these goods are leading brands. Brandies of vintage of 1878 on hand. Gins, Holland and Domestic, also Old Tom. Finch's Golden Wedding, $1.00 for full quart, 6 for $5.00; Quackenheimer's the same; Monongahela, $8.00 per dozen. Wines, $5.00 per dozen, $3.00 for one-half dozen. Securely boxed. Also have in stock Grandfather's Choice, at $2.00 per gallon, barrels at specila rates. Apr. 25, '90-1y

PILES. SYMPTOMS—Moisture, intense Itching and stinging; moist tetter, worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form and protrude, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very painful. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases cures the worst cases. Swayne's Ointment is used by druggists or medicine any address on receipt of price, $1 per box; 3 boxes, $2.50. Address letter, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa.

SKIN DISEASES SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

ABSOLUTELY CURES. The simple application of "Swayne's Ointment" without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Piles, Itch, Scrofula, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Scurf, Barber's Itch, Ulcers, Sore Nipples, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Dandruff, Sore Heads, Fever Sores, Scurvy, Itching of the Private Parts, and all Annoying, Scaly, Crusty and Blotchy Eruptions of the Skin. Sent by mail for 50 cts. Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for it.

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Patent Variable Friction & Belt Feed.

Steam Engines, Hay Presses, Shingle Mills, &c. Portable Grist Mills.

Send for illus. Catalogue. Threshing Machines, &c. A. B. FARQUAR CO., York, Pa.

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TOBACCO IN FRANCE.

The Most Villainous Weed to Be Found in the World.

On the different kinds of tobacco in use in the various countries of the world, Mr. Pritchett in his recent paper on "Smokiana," says nothing from what we may term the smoker's point of view. He offers us pipes in abundance, says the Chicago Evening Journal, but we have hardly any information about their probable or customary contents. The Chinese, we are told, smoke opium—a practice which Mr. Pritchett does not think injurious to them in health. The inhabitants of Zanzibar smoke wild hemp or bhang. With these exceptions, to which some others might have been added, the tobacco leaf is the thing smoked. There are many varieties of it, and we have a brief account of them, with their distribution and their botanical names, and with some pictures of the growing plant. But beyond this Mr. Pritchett does not attempt to go. He writes of Dutch and German smokers and he has a word on French pipes.

But what kind of stuff these people burn in their pipes is not so much as hinted at. The English traveler on the continent will soon gain the information for himself. Go where he may, he will find it simply impossible to obtain what he will dignify with the name of tobacco. The German and Dutch forms are better than the Italian and the French, but we can say no more than this for them. France we are inclined to put as the lowest among civilized tobacco-consuming countries. The hand of the Government makes itself felt all through. The three kinds of foreign tobacco which are admitted into France are purchased on Government account, and they are about equally bad. The native-grown tobacco is wholly wanting in fragrance, and it has the doubtful merit of being very strong, or, as we should term it, very rank. Care is further taken that no one with capital at command shall be suffered to open a tobacco shop.

The whole scheme works out as we might expect. There is small chance anywhere, and only between bad and worse. It would, perhaps, do something to reconcile the English working-man to his lot in life if he had the means of comparing his position with that of his fellow in France. The Englishman has not only higher wages and shorter hours of work, but he can also purchase at three-pence an ounce a kind of tobacco by no means of the highest quality, but nevertheless far superior to any which either a French workman or a French millionaire can hope for in his own country. We do not know what value our working classes set on a common privilege which comes to them as a matter of course, but we believe there would be a rebellion to-morrow if it were taken away and they were compelled to smoke caporal, nor should we dare to say that it had not been abundantly provoked.

POLLY AND THE HENS.

An Educated Parrot That Got Herself Into Trouble.

Our next door neighbor, writes a correspondent of Munson's World, owns an amusing parrot which is always getting into mischief, but generally gets out again without much trouble on herself. When she has done any thing for which she knows she ought to be punished, she holds her head down and commences whining her naughtiness, says in a disgusted tone: "Polly is a good girl;" at all times sees her mistress she flies to her, taps her wings and cries out: "Pretty Polly is a good girl!" She has been allowed to go free in the garden, where she promenades back and forth on the walks, sunning herself and warning off all intruders.

One morning a hen strayed out of the chicken yard and was quietly picking up her breakfast, when Poll marched up to her and called out "Shoo!" in her shrill voice. The poor hen retreated to her own quarters, running as fast as she could, followed by Poll, who screamed "Shoo!" at every step.

A few days later Poll extended her morning walk into the chicken yard. Here, with her usual curiosity, she went peering into every corner, till she came to the old hen on her nest. The hen made a dive for Poll's yellow head, but missed it. Poll, thinking discretion the better part of valor, turned to run, the hen, with wings wide spread, following close after.

As she ran, Poll screamed in her shrillest tones: "O Lord! O Lord!"

A member of the family, who had witnessed the performance, thought it time to interfere in Poll's behalf, as the angry hen was gaining on her. He ran out and stooping down held out his hands. Poll lost no time in traveling up his shoulder. Then from her high vantage ground she turned and, looking down on her foe, screamed: "Hello there! Shoo!"

The frightened hen returned to her nest as rapidly as she had come.

ABOUT POPULARITY.

It Will Come to Those Who Deserve It Without Their Seeking.

We read in ancient story of an old Grecian phil osopher who was so desirous of being worshiped as a demigod that he threw himself into a volcano, thinking that his mysterious disappearance would lead men to believe that he had been taken bodily to Heaven. His design was frustrated, however, by the action of the volcano, which threw up one of his slippers, thus showing the manner of his death.

This mythical tale has a moral that we may all do well to heed. If you would have your memory cherished after you are gone, leave behind you nothing but the "fragrance of good deeds." "The evil that men do lives after them," says a prince among poets; "the good is oft interred with their bones." Influences created during life will ripple on and widen even after we have passed away; if for good, then to our honor and glory; if for evil, then to our shame and disgrace. Deeds that we may think hidden now will stand out brightly in the light of after time, when our lips are sealed against all possible defense or explanation. It is better to so order our lives that all our actions will bear bringing to the light, and leave no tarnish on our good name. Let us be sure that our sins will find us out sooner or later while we live or after we have gone to rest. We may also learn that those who are over-zealous for popularity often defeat their own ends, as did the man in the fable, by some foolish act, by some betraying relict of their selfishness and mad desire for applause.

Popularity of the best sort will come to those who deserve it without their seeking. The only kind that is worth having is not gained by fawning upon the public, by catering to every whim and caprice of the populace, but by steady, persistent, noble, honest work that will command in its own time the respect and admiration of all men.—Christian at Work.

Took Him by Surprise.

Not many years ago, says the Shelbyville (Mo.) Herald, a man went to the Hannibal fair with his herd of cattle to show. When he arrived there he found that he had no opposition, and so eager was he to beat some other herd that he sent word to a man in Ralls County who owned a herd that he would pay his entrance fee of thirty-five dollars if he would bring it down and enter it against him. The Ralls County man did as requested, and the reader can imagine the surprise of the other man when the Ralls county farmer took the first premium with his herd.

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